

Career & Technical Education

Adult Career & Technical Education

Alternative Education

Adult Basic Education

Special Education

Professional Development

Technology Services

Student Achievement

Graduation Results

2000-2001 Expended Budget

Board of Cooperative Educational Services



2001-2002 Report Card

ONTARIO-CAYUGA-SENECA-
WAYNE-YATES BOCES

Board of Cooperative Educational Services 2001-2002 Report Card

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ONTARIO-CAYUGA-SENECA-WAYNE-YATES BOCES

4390

- CANANDAIGUA CITY SD
- CLYDE-SAVANNAH CSD
- DUNDEE CSD
- EAST BLOOMFIELD CSD
- GANANDA CSD
- GENEVA CITY SD
- GORHAM-MDLSEX CSD
- HONEOYE CSD
- LYONS CSD
- MANCHTER-SHORTSVIL CSD
- MARION CSD
- NAPLES CSD
- NEWARK CSD
- NO ROSE-WOLCOTT CSD
- PALMYRA-MACEDON CSD
- PENN YAN CSD
- PHELPS CLFTN SPRNGS CSD
- RED CREEK CSD
- ROMULUS CSD
- SENECA FALLS CSD
- SODUS CSD
- VICTOR CSD
- WATERLOO CSD
- WAYNE CSD
- WILLIAMSON CSD

Career & Technical Education

BOCES classes, offered primarily on a half-day basis, prepare high school students attending component districts for skilled workforce careers. Most career and technical education programs require two years to complete. Data source for enrollment: BOCES Survey.

Number of 11th/12th grade students enrolled in a career and technical education two-year sequence.

Number of first-year students
 Number of second-year students
 Number of second-year students completing

1999-00	2000-01	2001-02*
526	646	631
381	491	428
307	354	406

Number of 11th/12th grade students enrolled in one-year programs

“New Vision”
 Other one-year programs

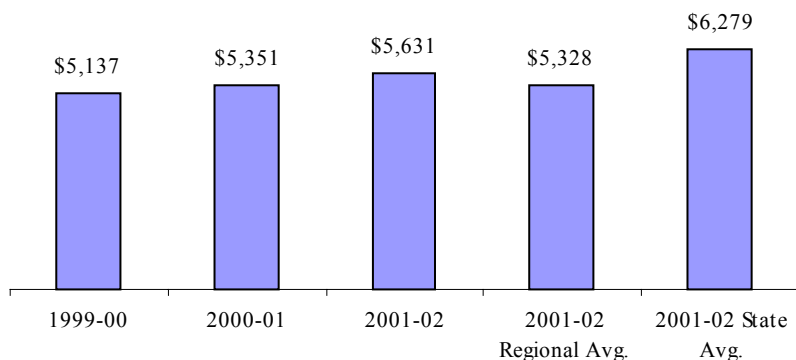
36	21	29
13	40	9

*The 2001-02 BOCES Survey required counts of students in general-education two-year programs. Reductions in 2001-02 enrollments from prior year counts may indicate that students with disabilities were reported in the prior year(s).

Tuition Per Student

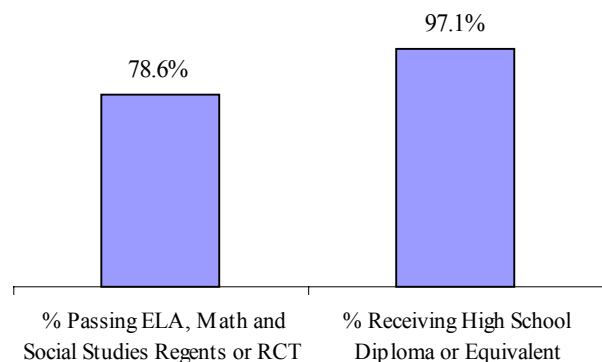
Component districts pay tuition to BOCES for services provided in career education programs

Data source: 602 Report



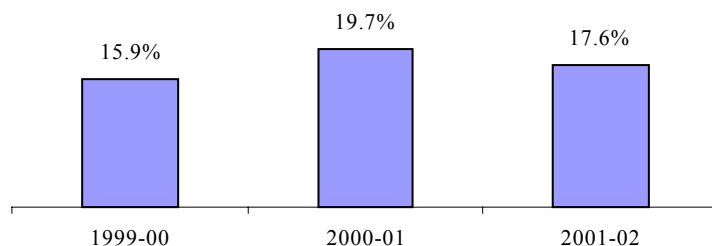
BOCES collects student performance data from component districts for students who participate in career and technical BOCES programs. Data source: CTEDS-2

Student Performance 2001-2002



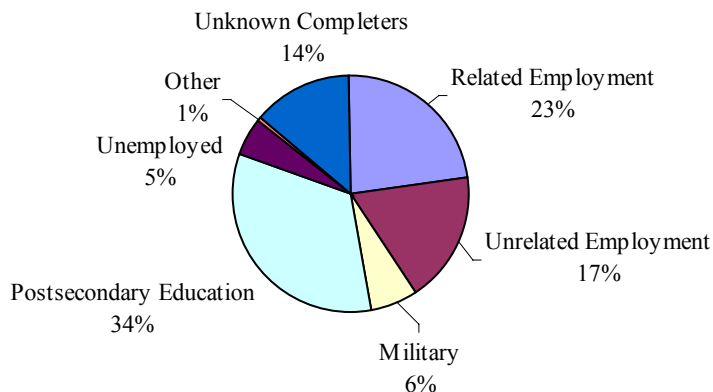
Number Enrolled in Career and Technical Education Programs as a percent of all Juniors and Seniors in Component District High Schools

Data Source: BOCES Survey and Basic Education Data System



BOCES surveys career and technical education graduates within one year after program completion to determine if they are employed or continuing their education. Data source: CTEDS-2 Report

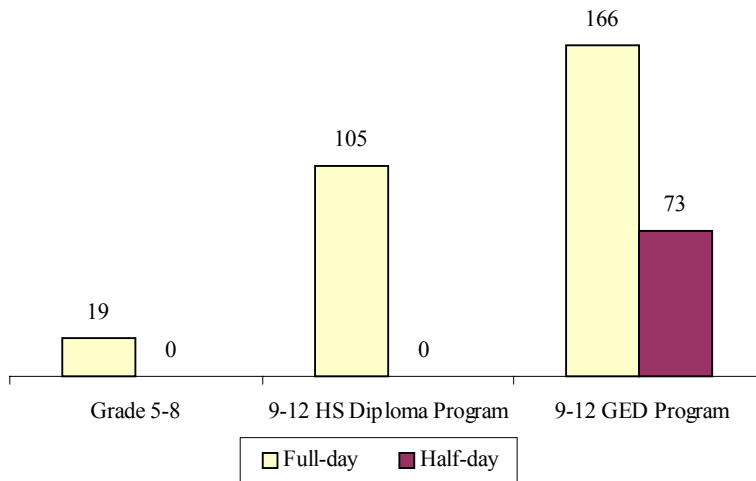
Status of Career and Technical Education 2000-2001 Program Graduates



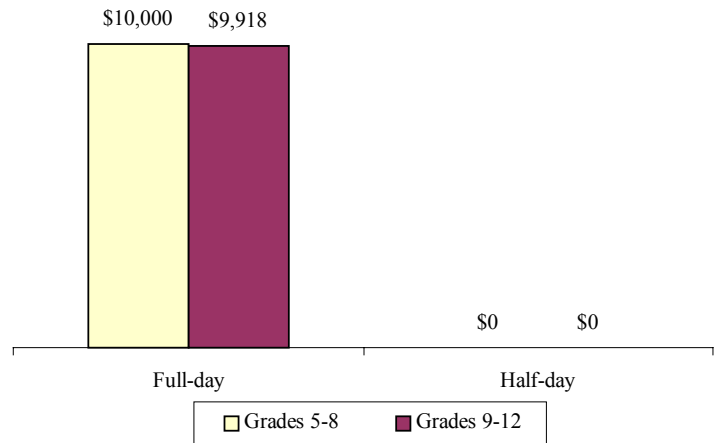
Alternative Education

BOCES operates full-day and/or half-day programs for general-education students who have been identified as having special needs not being met in school district programs. Programs may include academics, vocational skills, work-study, specialized activities or a combination of these. The BOCES Report Card includes alternative education program enrollment and outcome data for students in grades 5 through 8, as well as students in programs leading to high school diplomas or high school equivalency diplomas (GEDs). Data source: 2002 BOCES Survey

**Alternative Education Program Enrollment
June 30, 2002**



2001-2002 Per Pupil Tuition



Alternative Education Outcomes

The objective of the alternative education program is to retain students until they graduate or return to a regular school setting. Students counted as leaving programs may have done so for a variety of reasons including relocation, medical problems, childcare, incarceration or entering other education programs. Data source: 2002 BOCES Survey

Number of students who:

returned to a school district program.....

remained in the BOCES program.....

left the program and did not enter another district or BOCES program (dropouts).....

are waiting for GED exam results.....

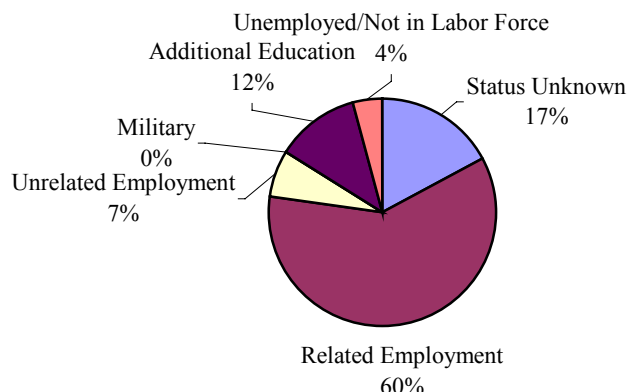
received high school diplomas.....

received high school equivalency diplomas (GEDs).....

Grades 5-8		Grades 9-12 Programs Leading to HS Diploma		Grades 9-12 Programs Leading to GED	
Full-day	Half-day	Full-day	Half-day	Full-day	Half-day
5	0	40	0	4	0
14	0	46	0	34	16
0	0	0	0	30	15
				9	2
		19	0		
				79	38

Adult Career and Technical Education (CTE) - BOCES sponsors both adult career education programs and adult basic education courses.

2000-2001 Adult CTE Placement Results - Adult CTE programs enhance academic and workplace skills and enable participants to gain employment or career advancement. In 2000-2001, 588 adults were enrolled in CTE. (538 completed one of these programs)



Success Rate

The Success Rate is calculated by dividing the number of successfully placed adults by the number of completers for whom follow-up data is known. Successful placement is the sum of those placed in employment, the military and in ongoing education. The Success Rate for this BOCES was 95.1% .

Adult Basic Education

Based on data reported for the National Reporting System (NRS) for adult education programs, enrollment in adult basic education programs for 2001-2002 was 2,018.

Educational Gain

Under the NRS, educational gain is the primary goal for students in adult beginning/ intermediate programs, adult secondary (low) programs, and in English for speakers of other languages programs. Students are counted as achieving educational gain if they exceed established reference points in their standardized test scores between enrollment and re-testing.

Educational Program	Enrollment		Educational Gain			
	2000-01	2001-02	2000-01		2001-02	
Adult Beginning/ Intermediate	1,151	1,088	135	12%	146	13%
Adult Secondary (Low)	485	529	108	22%	25	5%
ESOL	333	315	15	5%	17	5%

Other Outcomes (2000-01 and 2001-02)

The following outcome measures are consistent with the National Reporting System (NRS) for adult education. Students in adult secondary (high) programs are considered to have a primary goal of obtaining a secondary or high school equivalency diploma. Likewise, all public assistance recipients are considered to have removal from or reduction in public assistance as a goal. For all other outcomes, the student achievements correlate to the students indicating those goals at intake.

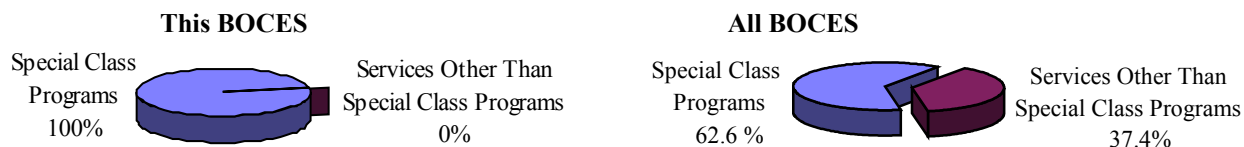
Other Outcomes	Students with Goal		Students Achieving Goal			
	2000-01	2001-02	2000-01		2001-02	
Entered employment	120	150	16	13.3%	39	26%
Retained employment	4	37	2	50.0%	29	78%
Obtained a secondary or high school equivalency diploma	659	719	154	23.4%	163	23%
Entered post-secondary education or training	437	186	329	75.3%	25	13%
Removal from or reduction in public assistance	0	42	0	0.0%	0	0.0%

Special Education

Special Education programs offered by BOCES provide school districts with additional options for serving students with disabilities.

Services Provided by BOCES

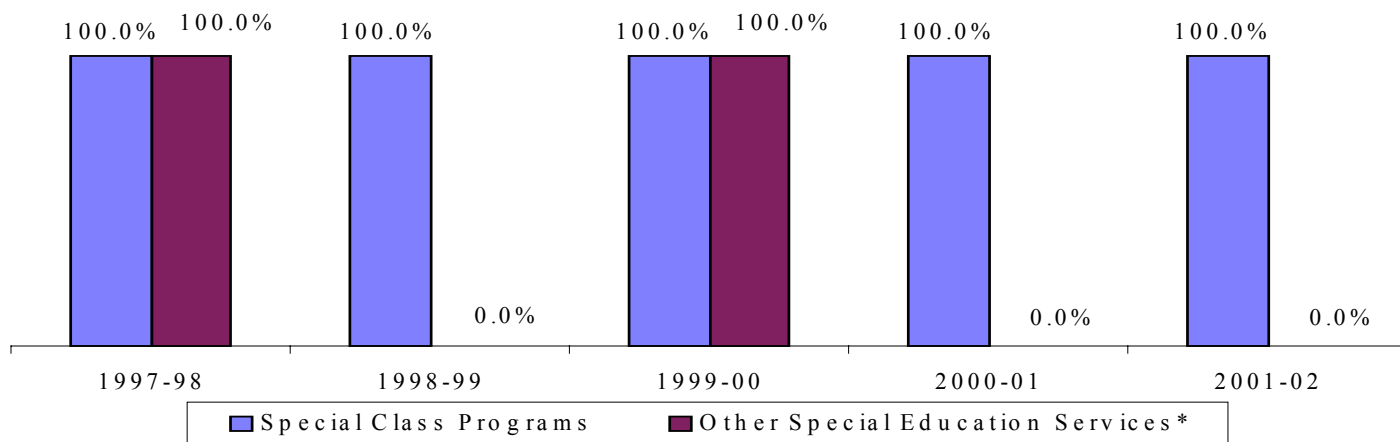
Data for services and settings provided were collected on the 2001-2002 PD-1A/4A form. Data are as of December 3, 2001, representing the 2001-2002 school year. This BOCES served 671 school-age students with disabilities, representing 10.3% of all school-age students with disabilities residing in the component districts of this BOCES. Statewide, 15.1% of school-age students with disabilities were served by a BOCES. A continuum of special education services ranging from resource rooms and consultant teachers to special classes is available to students.



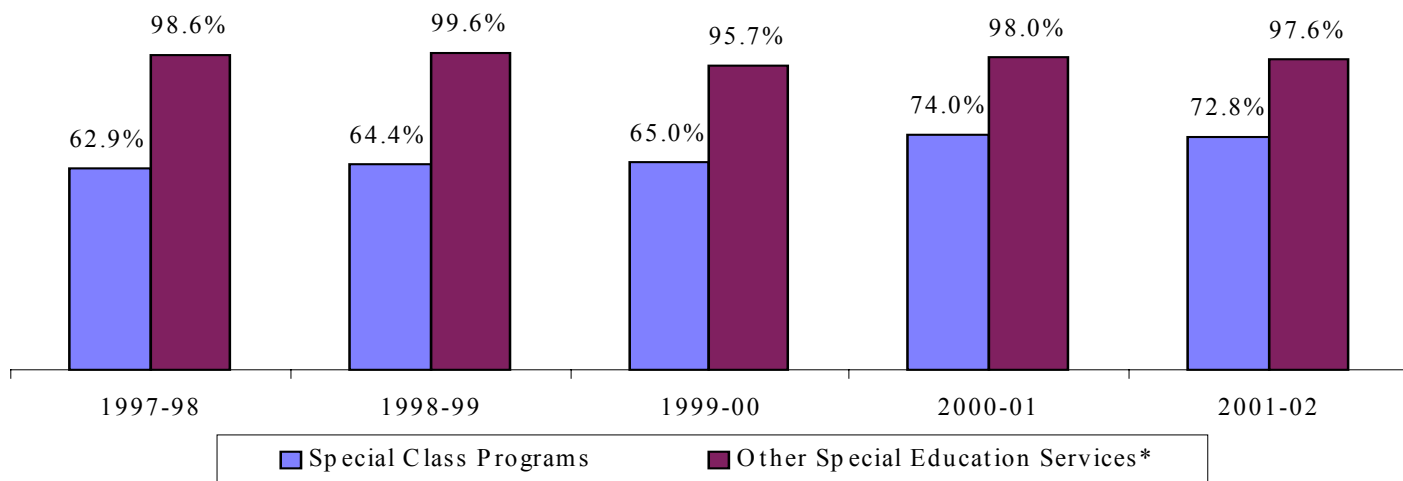
Settings in Which Special Education Services Were Provided

The bar graphs below depict the percents of public school buildings or other buildings attended by both disabled and non-disabled students. The percents of buildings attended by students with disabilities only or home/hospital are calculated by subtracting each percent on the bars below from 100%.

This BOCES



All BOCES



*Other special education services include programs such as resource rooms, related services and consultant teacher services.

Special Education Enrollment and Tuition

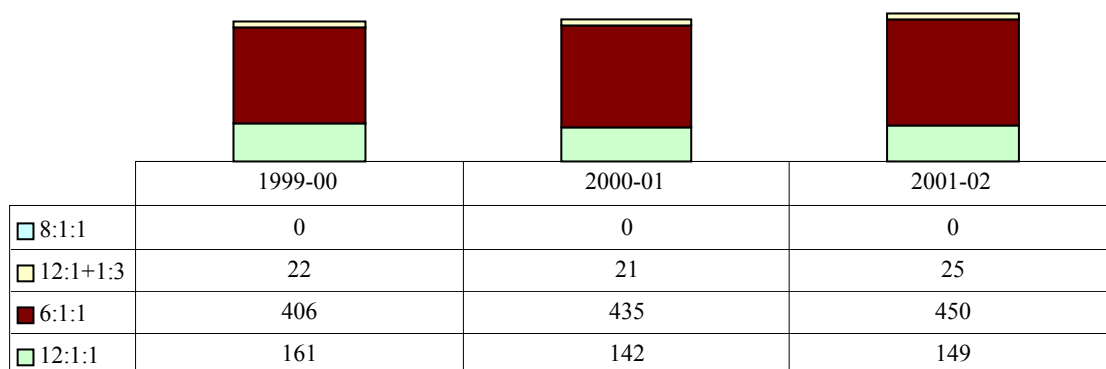
When placing students, districts select among classrooms with different student/staff ratios consistent with each student's Individualized Education Program (IEP). The following are four of the alternatives:

- ❑ 12 students per teacher plus one paraprofessional (12:1:1)
- ❑ 6 students per teacher plus one paraprofessional (6:1:1)
- ❑ 12 students per teacher plus four paraprofessionals (12:1+1:3)
- ❑ 8 students per teacher plus 1 paraprofessional (8:1:1)

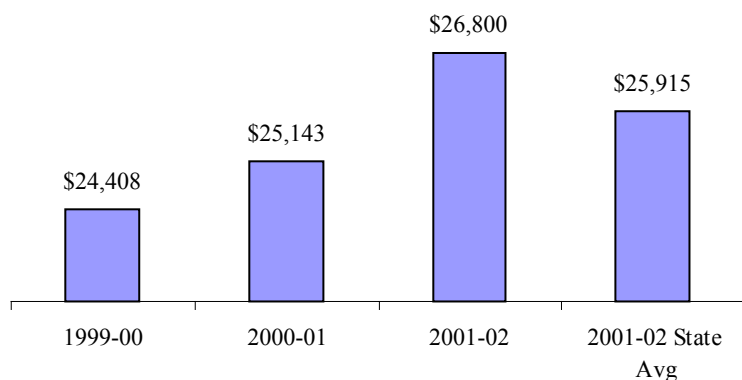
In the 2001-02 school year, 8:1:1 student/staff ratio data were collected by SED for the first time. Applicable data for other school years are available at the BOCES. If BOCES provides other options of student/staff ratios, an addendum of enrollment and tuition information will be attached to this report.

Tuition rates exclude the costs of related services, preschool and summer school programs. BOCES with multiple tuition rates for a program have calculated an average rate. Data source for enrollment and tuition: 602 Report.

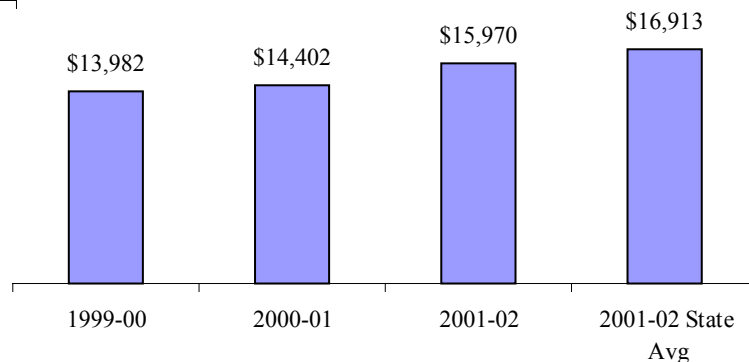
Enrollment Trends



Tuition 6:1:1



Tuition 12:1:1



Students with Disabilities Exiting BOCES Special Education Programs

High school students leave BOCES special education programs when they earn a credential, reach the maximum age (21) for public schooling or drop out. The high school diploma rate (a+b+c/f) for this BOCES is 38.7%. The Statewide high school diploma rate for all BOCES is 45.7%. Source: 2001-2002 PD5A Report

Type of Service Provided by BOCES	Students Completing School Programs						g. Students who Dropped Out
	a. Regents Endorsed High School Diplomas	b. Local High School Diplomas	c. High School Equivalency Diploma	d. IEP Diploma/ Local Certificate	e. Students Reaching Maximum Age	f. Total Students Completing	
Students Receiving Special Class Programs	14.3%	17.9%	0.0%	67.9%	0.0%	28	16
Students Receiving Other Than Special Class Programs *	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3	0
Total Students	7	5	0	19	0	31	16

Postsecondary Education and Employment Plans of Students with Disabilities

The plans presented below are for students who completed school through one of the categories listed above. (Plans of students who dropped out are not included.)

Type of Service Provided by BOCES	Postsecondary Education and Employment Plans of Students with Disabilities							
	4-Year College	2-Year College	Other Postsecondary	Employment	Military Service	Adult Services	Other	Unknown
Students Receiving Special Class Programs	0	3	0	14	0	2	0	9
Students Receiving Other Than Special Class Programs *	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total	0	3	0	14	0	2	0	12

**Other than special class programs includes programs such as resource room programs, related services, and consultant teacher services.*

State Testing Program

Elementary-level and middle-level assessments measure student performance by level in grades 4 and 8 English Language Arts (ELA) and mathematics. These data are results for students enrolled in BOCES programs.

	Counts of Students Tested					Percentages of Students Tested		No Valid Score	IEP Exempt
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total	Level 2-4	Level 3-4		
Elementary-level English Language Arts January/February 2002	10	17	5		32	69%	16%	1	
Elementary-level Mathematics May 2002	4	18	10		32	88%	31%	2	
Middle-level English Language Arts March 2002	21	25	3		49	57%	6%	10	
Middle-level Mathematics May 2002	36	14	4	1	55	35%	9%	10	

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA)

	Counts of Students Tested					Percentages of Students Tested		No Valid Score
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total	Level 2-4	Level 3-4	
Elementary-level English Language Arts		4	16		20	100%	80%	
Elementary-level Mathematics		4	16		20	100%	80%	
Middle-level English Language Arts		2	9		11	100%	82%	
Middle-level Mathematics		1	9	1	11	100%	91%	

Performance of Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students

	English Proficiency Below Effective Participation Level	Making Appropriate Progress
Grade 4	0	0
Grade 8	0	0

Level 4	These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.

Note: LEP designates English language learners eligible for an alternative assessment of proficiency in reading English; and No Valid Score designates students who did not receive a valid test score because of absence from all or part of the test or because the test was administered under nonstandard conditions. To protect student confidentiality, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group are tested.

Number of Districts and Staff Participating in Professional Development 2001-2002 School Year

BOCES Provided Training Programs of Two or More Hours in Duration to Professional Staff in the Following Areas:	Number of Professional Staff	Number of Districts
Shared Decision Making	37	7
High School Graduation Requirements	0	0
Learning Standards	472	26
Data Management and Analysis	0	0
Use of Instructional Technology	702	41
Interdisciplinary Teaching	0	0
Academic Content Areas	705	34
School to Work	0	0
Instructional Strategies	4,373	167
Parent Training	0	0
Special Education Issues	0	0
Comprehensive District Education Plan (CDEP)	30	3
Leadership Training	118	22
Special Education Training Resource Center (SETRC)	2,702	21
Technical Preparation	0	0
Other	77	11

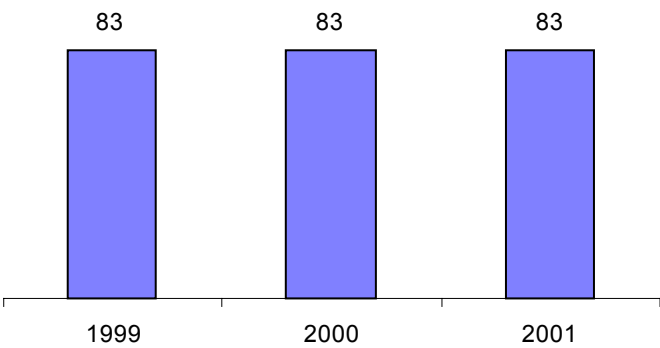
Technology Services 2001-2002 School Year

BOCES Provided Technology Services to District and BOCES Staff and Students in the Following Areas:	Districts	Professionals Teachers Administrators	Students
Distance Learning	1	0	0
Instructional Computing	46	0	0
Computer/Audio Visual Repair	25	0	
Library Automation/Software	25	0	0
LAN Installation/Support	47	0	0
Distributed Process Technicians	12	0	0
Guidance Information	31	0	0
Administrative Computer Services	47	0	
Administrative Training	47	0	

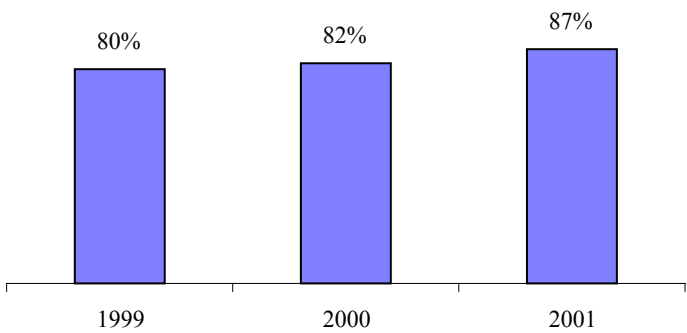
School Library Services

School Library Systems, a state-aided program sponsored by each BOCES, provide vital library and information resources to public and nonpublic schools throughout the State. Each system operates under an approved plan of service and provides leadership and training through professional development activities; facilitates resource-sharing among its member school libraries; promotes advances in technology for information storage and retrieval; focuses on cooperative collection development of school library materials; addresses the information needs of special client groups and participates in regional library issues with public, academic and special libraries. Students, teachers and administrators in each BOCES area benefit from the activities of the program. The charts below compare 1999, 2000 and 2001 data elements for the School Library System.

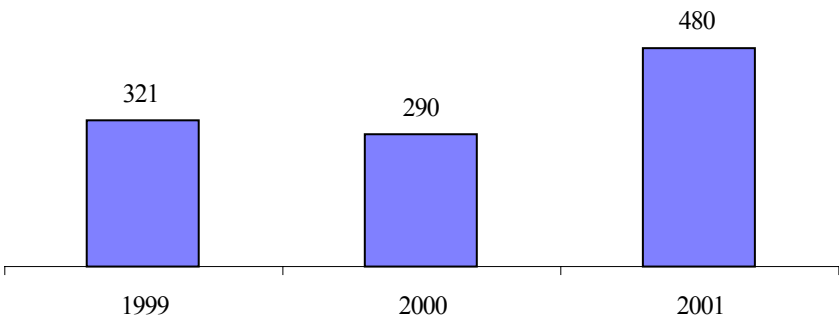
Number of Participating Libraries



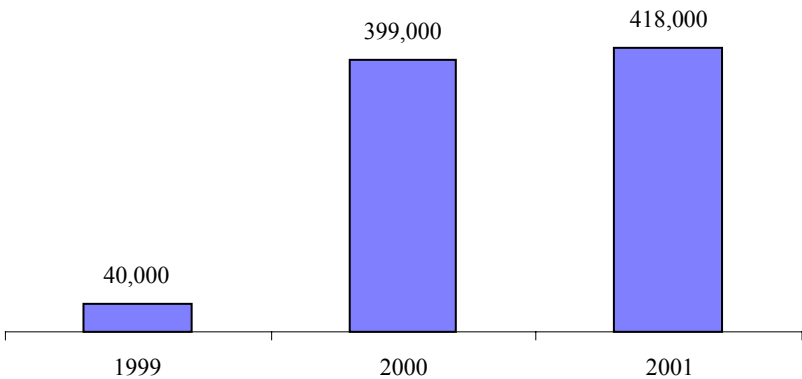
Percent of Participating Libraries with Internet Access



Participants at Professional Development Workshops



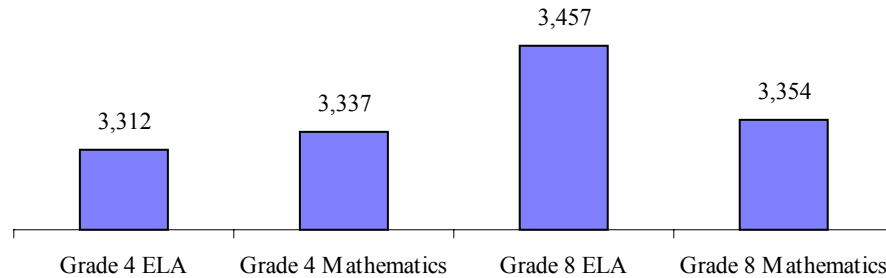
Number of Electronic Database Searches by Participating Libraries



State Testing Program for All Component Districts

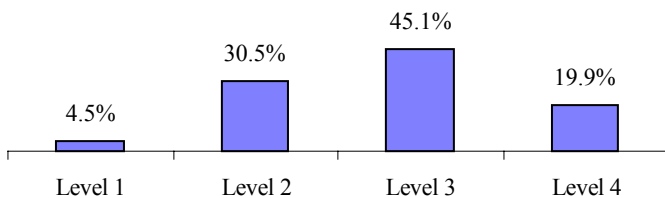
The State testing program provides data to the State Education Department and local school districts for use in planning, managing, and evaluating educational programs. The 4th and 8th grade English language arts (ELA) and mathematics tests measure student performance on the State standards for the elementary and middle grades, while the Regents examinations are key indicators of student progress in the secondary grades. These data are calculated by aggregating district-level results for general education students and pupils with disabilities for all component districts.

Counts of Students Tested
(General Education and Students with Disabilities)

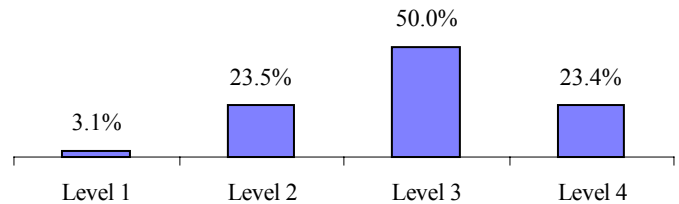


Percent of Students

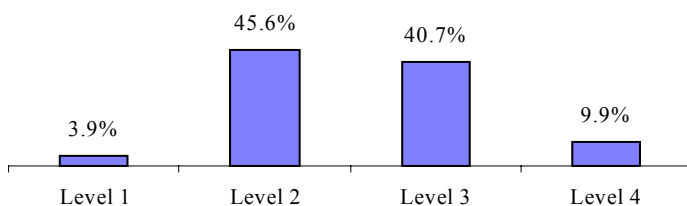
Grade 4 English Language Arts
January/February 2002



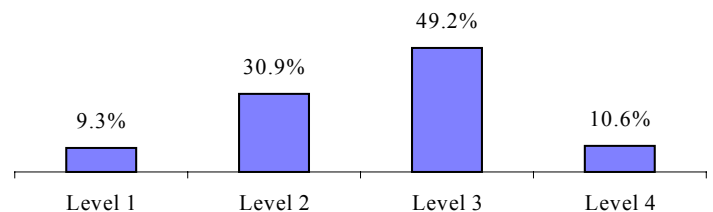
Grade 4 Mathematics
May 2002



Grade 8 English Language Arts
March 2002



Grade 8 Mathematics
May 2002



Level 4	These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.

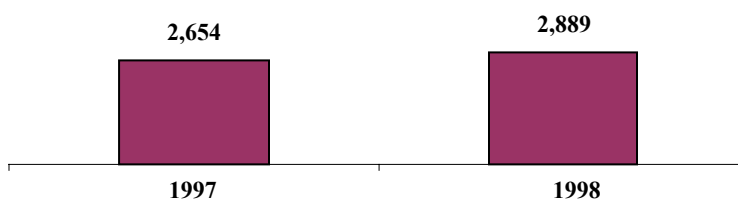
Further descriptions for each level by exam are available on the School Report Cards at the New York State Education Department Web site at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts/.

Regents Examinations

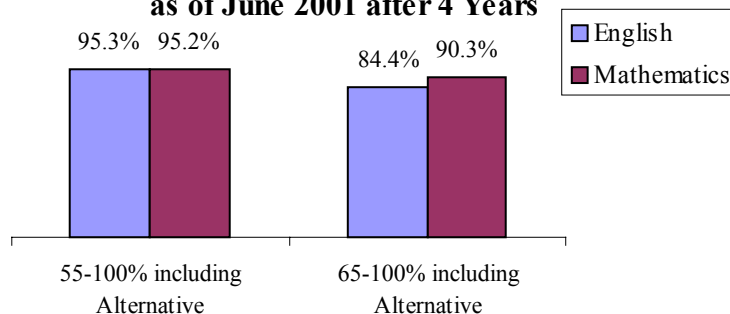
In 1996, the Regents acted to raise learning standards by requiring future students to demonstrate competence for graduation using Regents examinations, rather than the lower-level Regents competency tests (RCTs). All general-education students who entered ninth grade in the fall of 1996 were required to score 65 or higher (55 if approved by the local school board) on the Regents examination in comprehensive English to earn a local diploma. General-education students who entered ninth grade in the fall of 1997 are required to score 65 or higher (55 if approved by the local school board) on the Regents examination in comprehensive English and Regents examination in mathematics. The number of Regents examinations required for graduation has increased with each succeeding freshman class. Added requirements for the freshman class of 1998 were the Regents examinations in global history & geography and US history & government. Even more rigorous graduation requirements will be implemented in 2002.

Cohort data were collected to assess the progress that students in the 1997 and 1998 Cohorts made toward meeting new graduation requirements in English and mathematics and for the 1998 Cohort, global history & geography and US history and government. The following charts show the percentage of cohort members in component districts who scored 55-100 on each Regents examination. The data include students with disabilities.

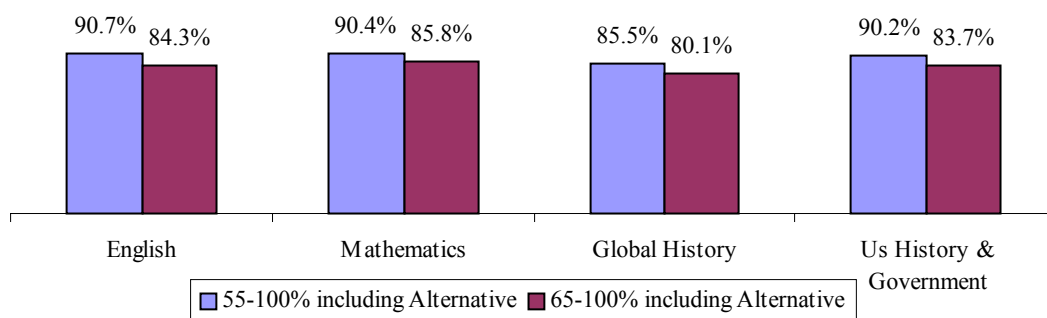
Cohort Enrollment
All Students, General Education and Special Education



Performance of the 1997 Cohort
as of June 2001 after 4 Years



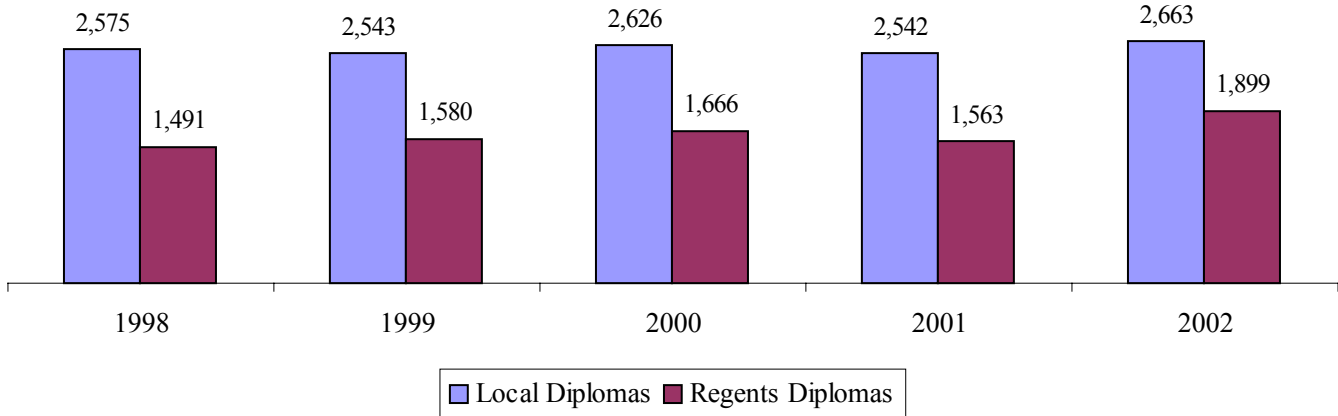
Performance of the 1998 Cohort as of June 2002 after 4 Years



Graduation Results

1997-98 through 2001-02 School Years

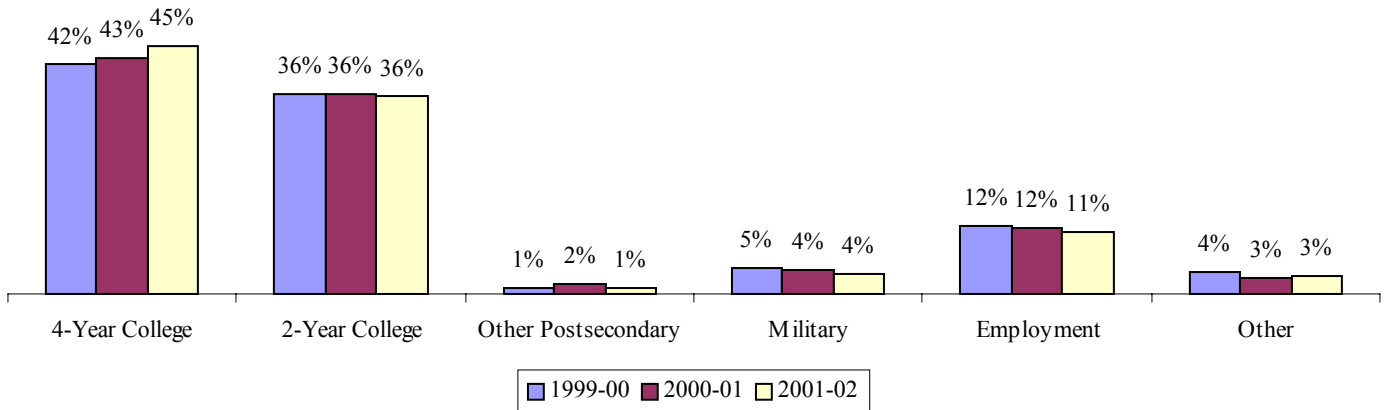
Displayed below are the number of graduates in component districts who received local diplomas with or without Regents endorsement and local diplomas with Regents endorsement during the 1997-98 through 2001-02 school years. Before the 2001-02 school year, counts include January, June and August graduates. In the 2001-02 school year, counts include January and June graduates. In 2001-02, 71.3% of the component high school graduates in this BOCES region earned a Regents diploma versus 66.1% of the graduates in component districts statewide.



Distribution of Graduates

1999-2000 through 2001-2002 School Years

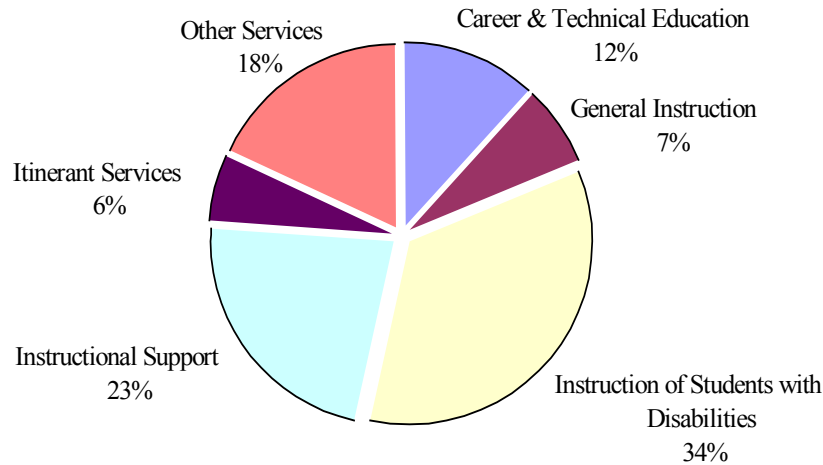
The chart provides the percentage of graduates in component districts who specified the postsecondary intentions listed during the 1999-2000 through 2001-2002 school years. Other postsecondary includes trade and proprietary schools.



2000-2001 Expenses

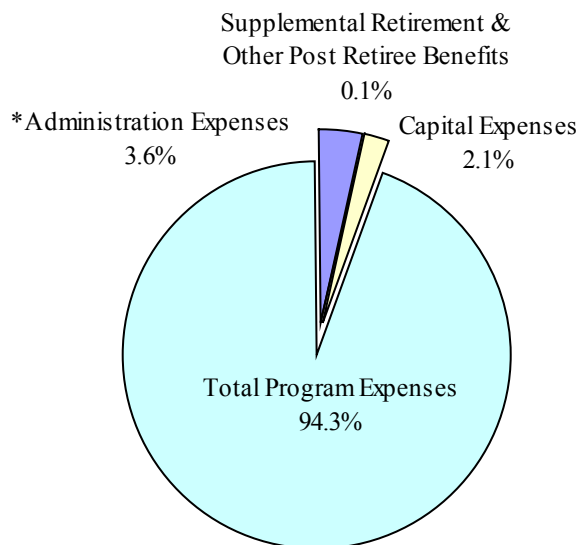
Administrative Expenses (Excluding Supplemental Retirement & Other Post Retiree Benefits)	\$ 2,265,057
Supplemental Retirement & Other Post Retiree Benefits	\$ 41,418
Capital Expenses	\$ 1,341,705
Total Program Expenses	\$ 59,914,413

Program Items



Total Expenses **\$ 63,562,593**

Percent of Total Expenses



*Excludes Supplemental Retirement & Other Post Retiree Benefits