The University of the State of New York The State Education Department



OVERVIEW OF SCHOOL PERFORMANCE IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS, MATHEMATICS, AND SCIENCE

AND

ANALYSIS OF STUDENT SUBGROUP PERFORMANCE

for

Westbury Middle School

in

Westbury Union Free School District

March 2003

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Regents of The University

ROBERT M. BENNETT, Chancellor, B.A., M.S.	Tonawanda
Adelaide L. Sanford, Vice Chancellor, B.A., M.A., P.D.	Hollis
DIANE O'NEILL McGIVERN, B.S.N., M.A., Ph.D.	Staten Island
SAUL B. COHEN, B.A., M.A., Ph.D.	New Rochelle
JAMES C. DAWSON, A.A., B.A., M.S., Ph.D.	Peru
ROBERT M. JOHNSON, B.S., J.D.	Huntington
Anthony S. Bottar, B.A., J.D.	North Syracuse
MERRYL H. TISCH, B.A., M.A.	New York
GERALDINE D. CHAPEY, B.A., M.A., Ed.D.	Belle Harbor
Arnold B. Gardner, B.A., LL.B.	Buffalo
HARRY PHILLIPS, 3rd, B.A., M.S.F.S.	Hartsdale
JOSEPH E. BOWMAN, JR., B.A., M.L.S., M.A., M.Ed., Ed.D	Albany
LORRAINE A. CORTÉS-VÁZQUEZ, B.A., M.P.A.	Bronx
JUDITH O. RUBIN, A.B.	New York
JAMES R. TALLON, JR., B.A., M.A.	Binghamton
MILTON L. COFIELD, B.S., M.B.A., Ph.D.	Rochester

President of The University and Commissioner of Education

RICHARD P. MILLS

Chief Operating Officer

RICHARD H. CATE

Deputy Commissioner for Elementary, Middle, Secondary and Continuing Education JAMES A. KADAMUS

Coordinator, School Operations and Management Services

CHARLES SZUBERLA

Coordinator, Information and Reporting Services

MARTHA P. MUSSER

The State Education Department does not discriminate on the basis of age, color, religion, creed, disability, marital status, veteran status, national origin, race, gender, genetic predisposition or carrier status, or sexual orientation in its educational programs, services and activities. Portions of this publication can be made available in a variety of formats, including braille, large print or audio tape, upon request. Inquiries concerning this policy of nondiscrimination should be directed to the Department's Office for Diversity, Ethics, and Access, Room 530, Education Building, Albany, NY 12234. Requests for additional copies of this publication may be made by contacting the Publications Sales Desk, Room 309, Education Building, Albany, NY 12234.

Please address all correspondence about this report that is not related to data corrections to:

School Report Card Coordinator
Information and Reporting Services Team
New York State Education Department
Room 863 EBA
89 Washington Avenue
Albany, NY 12234
E-mail: RPTCARD@mail.nysed.gov

28-04-01-03-0006 April 10, 2003

2

Westbury Middle School

The New York State School Report Card is an important part of the Board of Regents effort to raise learning standards for all students. It provides information to the public on student performance and other measures of school and district performance. Knowledge gained from the school report card on a school's strengths and weaknesses can be used to improve instruction and services to students.

The New York State School Report Card consists of three parts: the Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science and Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance, the Comprehensive Information Report, and the School Accountability Report. The Overview and Analysis presents performance data on measures required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act: English, mathematics, science, and graduation rate. Performance data on other State assessments can be found in the Comprehensive Information Report. The School Accountability Report provides information as to whether a school is making adequate progress toward enabling all students to achieve proficiency in English and mathematics.

State assessments are designed to help ensure that all students reach high learning standards. They show whether students are getting the foundation knowledge they need to succeed at the elementary, middle, and commencement levels and beyond. The State requires that students who are not making appropriate progress toward the standards receive academic intervention services.

In the *Overview*, performance on the elementary- and middle-level assessments in English language arts and mathematics and on the middle-level science test is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students scoring at each of the four levels. These levels indicate performance on the standards from seriously deficient to advanced proficiency. Performance on the elementary-level science test is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students making appropriate progress. Regents examination scores are reported in four score ranges. Scores of 65 to 100 are passing; scores of 55 to 64 earn credit toward a local diploma (with the approval of the local board of education). Though each elementary- and middle-level assessment is administered to students in a specific grade, secondary-level assessments are taken by students when they complete the coursework for the core curriculum. Therefore, the performance of students at the secondary level is measured for a student cohort rather than a group of students at a particular grade level. Students are grouped in cohorts according to the year in which they first entered grade 9.

The assessment data in the *Overview and Analysis* are for all tested students in the school, including general-education students and students with disabilities. In the *Overview*, each school's performance is compared with that of schools similar in grade level, district resources, and student needs as indicated by income and limited English proficiency (LEP) status. Each district's performance is compared with that of all public schools statewide. In the *Analysis*, performance is disaggregated by race/ethnicity, disability status, gender, LEP status, income level, and migrant status.

Explanations of terms referred to or symbols used in this part of the school report card may be found in the glossary on the last page. Further information on the school report card may be found in the guide, *Understanding Your School Report Card 2003*, available at your school or on the Information and Reporting Services Web site at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts.

Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science

School Profile

Principal: Ms. Mary Ellen Haynes Phone: (516)876-5082					
Organization 2001–02		School Staff ¹ (both full- and part-time)			
Grade Range Student Enrollment		Count of Teachers	Count of Other Professionals		
6-8	835	71	11		

2000–01 School District-wide Total Expenditure per Pupil	\$14,556
--	----------

Student Demographics	1999–2000		2000–2001		2001–2002	
Used To Determine Similar Schools Group	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Limited English Proficient	84	11.0%	96	11.6%	104	12.5%
Eligible for Free Lunch	481	63.0%	573	69.4%	553	66.2%

Similar
Schools
Group

This school is in Similar Schools Group 27. All schools in this group are middle level schools in urban or suburban school districts with high student needs in relation to district resources. The schools in this group are in the higher range of student needs for middle level schools in these districts.

2001–02 Percentage of Core Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers*

Number of Core Classes	Percent Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers
182	95%

^{*}For the 2001–02 school year only, teachers of core classes are considered to be highly qualified if they are certified to teach that subject.

2001–02 Percentage of Teachers with No Valid Teaching Certificate*

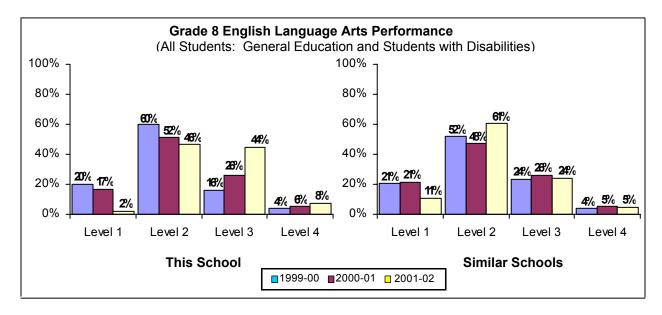
Number of Teachers	Percent No Valid Teaching Certificate
70	3%

^{*}This count includes teachers with temporary licenses who do not have a valid permanent or provisional teaching certificate.

28-04-01-03-0006 Westbury Middle School April 10, 2003

¹ District-employed staff who serve in more than one school are not included in these counts.

English Language Arts



Performance at This School	Level 1 527–661	Level 2 662–700	Level 3 701–738	Level 4 739–830	Total	Mean Score
May 2000	41	121	32	8	202	683
May 2001	33	102	52	11	198	689
	Level 1 527–659	Level 2 660–698	Level 3 699–737	Level 4 738–830	Total	
March 2002	4	111	106	18	239	703

Middle-Level English Language Arts Levels — Listening, Reading, and Writing Standards				
Level 4	evel 4 These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.			
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.			
Level 2	Level 2 These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.			
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.			

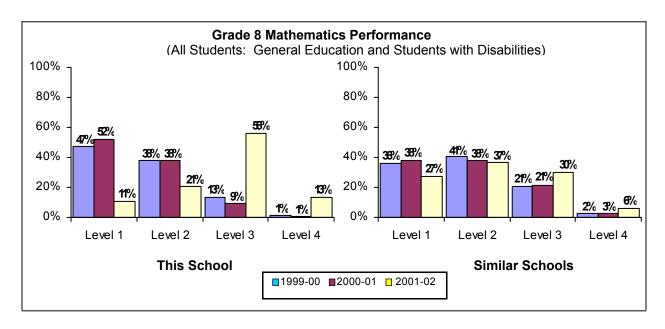
Performance of Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students

Grade 8	English Proficiency Below Effective Participation Level	Making Appropriate Progress
2002	36	12

Performance of Middle-Level Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in English

	Number Tested	AA-Level 1	AA-Level 2	AA-Level 3	AA-Level 4
2001–02	0	0	0	0	0

Mathematics



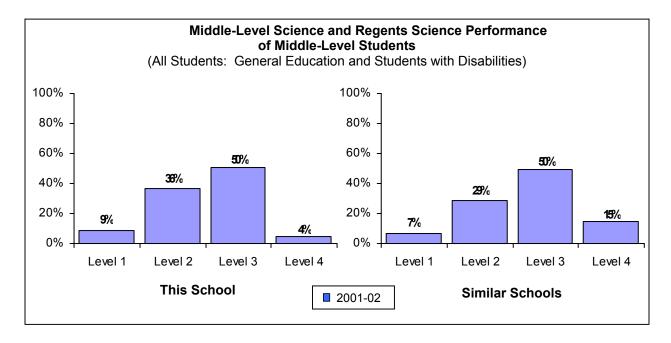
	Counts of Students Tested					
Performance at This School	Level 1 517–680	Level 2 681–715	Level 3 716–759	Level 4 760–882	Total	Mean Score
May 2000	107	86	30	3	226	681
May 2001	117	86	21	2	226	673
May 2002	26	51	137	32	246	722

${\it Middle-Level \ Mathematics \ Levels - Knowledge, \ Reasoning, \ and \ Problem-Solving \ Standards}$						
Level 4	These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.					
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.					
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.					
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.					

Performance of Middle-Level Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Mathematics, Science, and Technology

	Number Tested	AA-Level 1	AA-Level 2	AA-Level 3	AA-Level 4
2001–02	0	0	0	0	0

Science



Performance at This School			Mean Score				
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total	Mean Score
June 2002	Middle-Level Science	18	87	103	8	216	63
Julie 2002	Regents Science	6	12	34	4	56	69

Middle-L	Middle-Level Science Levels $-$ Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards*						
Level 4	These students exceed the standards on the middle-level science test and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 85–100 on a Regents science examination.						
Level 3	These students meet the standards on the middle-level science test and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 65–84 on a Regents science examination.						
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards for middle-level science and to pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 55–64 on a Regents science examination.						
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies as evidenced in the middle-level science test <u>or</u> score 0–54 on a Regents science examination.						

^{*}Students may demonstrate proficiency in middle-level science by scoring at level 3 or above on the middle-level science test or by scoring 65 or above on a Regents examination in science.

Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance

Historically, on State assessments the average performance of Black, Hispanic, and Native American students has been lower than that of White and Asian students. Similarly, students from low-income families have not performed as well as those from higher income families. A high priority of the Board of Regents is to eliminate these gaps in student performance. In addition, Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act includes explicit requirements "to ensure that students served by Title I are given the same opportunity to achieve to high standards and are held to the same high expectations as all students in each State."

This section of the school report card provides performance data by racial/ethnic group, disability status, gender, English proficiency status, income level, and migrant status. The purpose of the student subgroup analyses is to determine if students who perform below the standards in any school tend to fall into particular groups, such as minority students, limited English proficient students, or economically disadvantaged students. If these analyses provide evidence that students in one of the groups achieve at a lower level than other students, the school and community should examine the reasons for this lower performance and make necessary changes in curriculum, instruction, and student support services to remedy these performance gaps.

English Language Arts

			0-01			200	1–02	
Student Subgroup	Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels			Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
		2–4	3–4	4		2–4	3–4	4
Results by Race/Ethnicity								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Black	126	86%	31%	6%	136	99%	57%	10%
Hispanic	66	77%	32%	6%	93	98%	42%	2%
Asian or Pacific Islander	3	S	S	S	3	S	S	S
White	3	S	S	S	7	S	S	S
Total	198	83%	32%	6%	239	98%	52%	8%
Small Group Totals (s)	6	100%	50%	0%	10	100%	70%	20%
Results by Disability Status								
General-education students	169	91%	37%	7%	210	99%	55%	8%
Students with disabilities	29	38%	0%	0%	29	93%	28%	7%
Total	198	83%	32%	6%	239	98%	52%	8%
Results by Gender								
Female	107	93%	41%	9%	123	98%	57%	9%
Male	91	73%	21%	1%	116	98%	47%	6%
Total	198	83%	32%	6%	239	98%	52%	8%
Results by English Proficiency	Status							
English proficient	197	S	S	S	238	S	S	S
Limited English proficient	1	S	S	S	1	S	S	S
Total	198	83%	32%	6%	239	98%	52%	8%
Results by Income Level								
Economically disadvantaged	125	82%	29%	5%	157	97%	52%	8%
Not disadvantaged	73	85%	37%	7%	82	100%	52%	7%
Total	198	83%	32%	6%	239	98%	52%	8%
Results by Migrant Status								
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	198	83%	32%	6%	239	98%	52%	8%
Total	198	83%	32%	6%	239	98%	52%	8%

Mathematics

	2000–01				2001–02			
Student Subgroup	Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels			Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
		2–4	3–4	4		2–4	3–4	4
Results by Race/Ethnicity								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Black	133	49%	12%	0%	137	94%	77%	13%
Hispanic	87	44%	8%	2%	100	82%	56%	9%
Asian or Pacific Islander	3	S	S	S	2	S	S	S
White	3	S	S	S	7	S	S	S
Total	226	48%	10%	1%	246	89%	69%	13%
Small Group Totals (s)	6	100%	0%	0%	9	100%	89%	56%
Results by Disability Status								
General-education students	198	53%	12%	1%	221	90%	67%	14%
Students with disabilities	28	14%	0%	0%	25	88%	80%	4%
Total	226	48%	10%	1%	246	89%	69%	13%
Results by Gender								
Female	121	50%	14%	1%	125	90%	70%	18%
Male	105	47%	6%	1%	121	88%	67%	8%
Total	226	48%	10%	1%	246	89%	69%	13%
Results by English Proficiency	Status							
English proficient	195	54%	11%	1%	210	96%	79%	15%
Limited English proficient	31	13%	3%	0%	36	50%	11%	3%
Total	226	48%	10%	1%	246	89%	69%	13%
Results by Income Level								
Economically disadvantaged	145	47%	10%	1%	162	90%	69%	12%
Not disadvantaged	81	51%	11%	1%	84	88%	68%	14%
Total	226	48%	10%	1%	246	89%	69%	13%
Results by Migrant Status								
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	226	48%	10%	1%	246	89%	69%	13%
Total	226	48%	10%	1%	246	89%	69%	13%

Science

	2001–02						
Student Subgroup	Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels					
		2–4	3–4	4			
Results by Race/Ethnicity							
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%			
Black	111	93%	62%	5%			
Hispanic	100	90%	39%	3%			
Asian or Pacific Islander	2	S	S	S			
White	3	S	S	S			
Total	216	92%	51%	4%			
Small Group Totals (s)	5	S	S	S			
Results by Disability Status							
General-education students	190	92%	48%	4%			
Students with disabilities	26	92%	73%	0%			
Total	216	92%	51%	4%			
Results by Gender							
Female	103	88%	53%	3%			
Male	113	95%	50%	4%			
Total	216	92%	51%	4%			
Results by English Proficiency State	ıs						
English proficient	180	97%	59%	4%			
Limited English proficient	36	67%	14%	0%			
Total	216	92%	51%	4%			
Results by Income Level							
Economically disadvantaged	151	93%	54%	3%			
Not disadvantaged	65	89%	45%	5%			
Total	216	92%	51%	4%			
Results by Migrant Status							
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%			
Not migrant family	216	92%	51%	4%			
Total	216	92%	51%	4%			

Glossary

Cohort Data: A student cohort is all students, regardless of grade status, who were enrolled in school on BEDS day two years after the year in which they entered grade 9, or, in the case of ungraded students with disabilities, the year in which they reached their seventeenth birthday. (For example, the 1998 cohort consists of all students who first entered grade 9 in the fall of 1998 who were enrolled on October 4, 2000). Certain severely disabled students, new immigrants, and students who transfer to programs leading to a high school diploma or high school equivalency diploma are not included in the school cohort. Cohort is defined in Section 100.2 (p) (8) (iii) of the Commissioner's Regulations. Data for the 1997 cohort are based on the Special Regents Examination Report for the 1997 Cohort. Data for the 1998 cohort are based on the 2002 STEP file submitted by each district.

Component Retests: Component retests were offered in Regents English and Mathematics A to graduating seniors who were at risk of not meeting the State learning Standards. Component retesting is the process by which a student who has failed a Regents examination in English or Mathematics A twice is retested only on the areas of the learning standards in which the student has been proven deficient. Component retesting eliminates the need for the student to retake the full Regents examination multiple times. Students who earn credit through component retesting are counted as if they scored in the 55–64 range or in the 65–84 range, as determined by the results of the component retest.

Counts of Students Tested: "Counts of Students Tested" includes only students who completed sufficient test questions to receive a score.

Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students: Schools teach English to students for whom English is a second language so they can participate effectively in the academic program. Students are considered LEP if, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, they speak a language other than English and (1) either understand and speak little or no English or (2) score at or below the 40th percentile on an English language assessment instrument. LEP students without sufficient proficiency in English were not required to take the grade 4 or grade 8 English language arts test. Their reported progress in learning English was measured using standardized tests.

New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA): The district Committee on Special Education designates severely disabled students who meet criteria established in Commissioner's Regulations to take the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA).

Similar Schools: Similar schools are schools that are grouped by common district and student demographic characteristics, including grade range of students served by the school, school district financial resources, and needs of the school student population. More information about similar school groups may be found on the Web at http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/repcrd2002/similar.html.

Student Confidentiality/Suppressed Data (# and s): To ensure student confidentiality, the Department does <u>not</u> publish data for groups with fewer than five students or data that would allow readers to easily determine the performance of a group with fewer than five students. In the *Overview*, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group were tested. In the *Analysis*, when fewer than five students in a group (e.g., Hispanic) were tested, percentages of tested students scoring at various levels were suppressed for that group and the next smallest group. Suppressed data are indicated with an **(s)**. However, the performance of tested students in these groups is aggregated and shown in the Small Group Total row.

Validity and Reliability of Small Group Data: It is important that programmatic decisions are based on valid and reliable data. Data for fewer than 40 students in a group are neither valid nor reliable. If a school does not have 40 students in a grade or a subgroup in a given year, the school should evaluate results for students in this group over a period of years to make programmatic decisions.