Career & Technical Education

Adult Career & Technical Education

Adult Basic Education

Professional Development

Student Achievement

2002-2003 Expenses

Alternative Education

Special Education

Technology Services

Graduation Results

School Library System Services

Board of Cooperative Educational Services



2003-2004 Report Card

ROCKLAND BOCES

Board of Cooperative Educational Services 2003-2004 Report Card

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Prior editions of the BOCES Report Card included other data representing BOCES special education programs and services. The following data were not available for this report:

- > Services Provided by BOCES.
- ➤ Percent of Students with Disabilities Provided Special Education Services in Integrated Settings.
- > Students with Disabilities Exiting BOCES Special Education Programs.
- ➤ Postsecondary Education and Employment Plans of Student with Disabilities.



ROCKLAND BOCES 5090

COMPONENT DISTRICTS

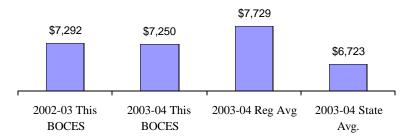
- CLARKSTOWN CSD
- E. GOULD ACAD-LAKESIDE UFSD
- EAST RAMAPO CSD (SPRING VALLEY)
- HAVERSTRAW-STONY PT CSD
- NANUET UFSD
- NYACK UFSD
- PEARL RIVER UFSD
- RAMAPO CSD
- SOUTH ORANGETOWN CSD

Career & Technical Education (CTE)

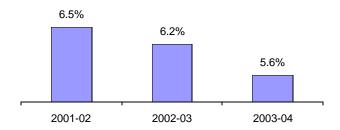
BOCES CTE classes, offered primarily on a half-day basis, prepare high school students from component districts for skilled workforce careers. Most CTE programs require two years to complete. *Data source: BOCES Survey*.

	General Education Students	Students with Disabilities	General Education Students	Students with Disabilities
Number of 11 th /12 th grade students enrolled in a CTE two-year sequence:	2002-03	2002-03	2003-04	2003-04
First-year students	147	95	150	92
Second-year students	63	57	60	31
Second-year students completing	50	49	57	26
Number of 11 th /12 th grade students enrolled in one-year programs	;			
"New Vision"	12	0	13	0
Other one-year programs	0	0	0	0

Tuition Per Student for CTE Programs Data Source: 602 Report



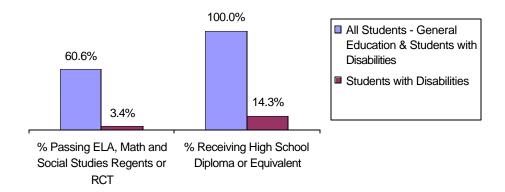
*Number Enrolled in CTE Programs as a Percent of all Juniors and Seniors in Component District High Schools



^{*}Data Include General Education and Students with Disabilities. Data Source: BOCES Survey and Basic Education Data System

Performance of Career & Technical Education (CTE) Students Who Graduated in 2003

BOCES collects student performance data from component districts for students who participate in CTE BOCES programs. The data in the chart are based upon total program completers (general education and students with disabilities.) *Data source: CTEDS-2*



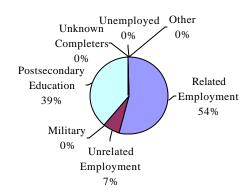
Status of Career and Technical Education (CTE) Students Who Graduated in 2003

BOCES Surveys CTE graduates within one year after program completion to determine if they are employed or continuing their education. *Data source: CTEDS-2 Report*

All Graduates (General Education and Students with Disabilities)

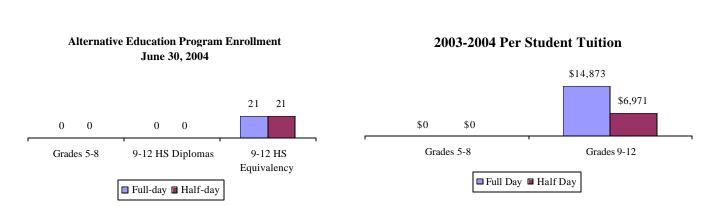
Unknown Other Related Completers 0% Employment 0% 22% Unemployed Unrelated Employment 1% Military 3% Postsecondary Education 73%

Students with Disabilities



Alternative Education

BOCES operates full-day and/or half-day programs for general-education students who have been identified as having special needs not being met in school district programs. Programs may include academics, vocational skills, work-study, specialized activities or a combination of these. The BOCES Report Card includes alternative education program enrollment and outcome data for students in grades 5 through 8, as well as students in programs leading to high school diplomas or high school equivalency diplomas. Data source: 2004 BOCES Survey



Alternative Education Outcomes

The objective of the alternative education program is to retain students until they graduate or return to a regular school setting. Students counted as leaving programs may have done so for a variety of reasons including relocation, medical problems, childcare, incarceration or entering other education programs. Data source: 2004 BOCES Survey

	Grades 5-8		Grades 9-12 Programs Leading to HS Diploma		Grades 9-12 Programs Leading to HS Equivalency	
	Full-	Half-	Full-	Half-	Diplomas Full- Half-	
Number of students who:	day	day	day	day	day	day
returned to a school district program	7	0	62	0	2	0
remained in the BOCES program	33	0	212	0	7	0
left the program and did not enter another district or BOCES program (dropouts)	13	0	10	0	2	2
are waiting for GED exam results					0	0
received high school diplomas			0	0		
received high school equivalency diplomas					20	9

Adult Career and Technical Education (CTE) -

Adult CTE programs enhance academic and workplace skills and enable participants to gain employment or career advancement.

	This I	Statewide	
2002-2003 Adult CTE Program Results	Count	Percentage	Average
All CTE Programs			
Number Enrolled	908		
Number who Left Prior to Completion	34	3.7%	17.3%
Number who Completed	874	96.3%	72.7%
Completed and Status Known	805	92.1%	49.9%
Completed and were Successfully Placed*	801	99.5%	86.9%
Non-Traditional Programs			
Under-Represented Gender Members Enrolled	84	15.7%	13.1%
Under-Represented Gender Members Who Completed	80	15.4%	11.9%

^{*}Successfully Placed means placed in employment, the military or in additional education.

Adult Basic Education

Based on data reported for the National Reporting System (NRS) for adult education programs, enrollment in adult basic education programs for 2003-2004 was 2,724.

Educational Gain

Under the NRS, educational gain is the primary goal for students in adult beginning/ intermediate programs, adult secondary (low) programs, and in English for speakers of other languages programs. Students are counted as achieving educational gain if they exceed established reference points in their standardized test scores between enrollment and re-testing.

Educational Program	Enrollment			Educational Gain					
	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2001-02 2002-03		2003-2004			
Adult Beginning/Intermediate	423	357	326	121	29%	52	15%	127	39%
Adult Secondary (Low)	34	29	24	15	44%	4	14%	11	46%
ESOL	2,601	2,331	2,370	1,159	45%	1,091	47%	872	37%

Other Outcomes (2001-02 through 2003-04)

The following outcome measures are consistent with the National Reporting System (NRS) for adult education. Students in adult secondary (high) programs are considered to have a primary goal of obtaining a secondary or high school equivalency diploma. For all other outcomes, the student achievements correlate to the students indicating those goals at intake.

Other Outcomes	Students with Goal			Students Achieving Goal					
	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2001-02		2002-03		2003-04	
Entered employment	612	183	275	598	98%	59	32%	182	66%
Retained employment	379	415	256	373	98%	1	0%	97	38%
Obtained a secondary or high school equivalency diploma	23	28	45	17	74%	28	100%	45	100%
Entered post-secondary education or training	1	1	14	1	100%	0	0%	9	64%

Special Education Enrollment and Tuition

When placing students, districts select among classrooms with different student/staff ratios consistent with each student's Individualized Education Program (IEP). The following are four of the alternatives:

- □ 12 students per teacher plus one paraprofessional (12:1:1)
- □ 6 students per teacher plus one paraprofessional (6:1:1)
- □ 12 students per teacher plus four paraprofessionals (12:1+1:3)
- 8 students per teacher plus 1 paraprofessional (8:1:1)

An addendum of enrollment and tuition information will be attached to this report if this BOCES provides other options of student/staff ratios.

Tuition rates exclude the costs of related services, preschool and summer school programs. BOCES with multiple tuition rates for a program have calculated an average rate. Data source for enrollment and tuition: 602 Report.

Enrollment Trends

	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04
8:1:1	319	359	392
12:1+1:3	68	76	78
6:1:1	135	140	142
12:1:1	94	97	90

Tuition Rates Per Student 2001-02 Through 2003-04



Tuition rates are unavailable for 2001-02 for the 12:1+1:3 student/staff ratio.

State Testing Program

These data are results of State assessments for students enrolled in BOCES programs.

State Assessment	Counts of Students Tested					Percentage Te	No Valid Score	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total	Level 2-4	Level 3-4	
Elementary-level English Language Arts February 2004	4	7	5	0	16	75%	31%	0
Elementary-level Mathematics May 2004	2	5	7	2	16	88%	56%	0
Middle-level English Language Arts January 2004	14	9	0	0	23	39%	0	0
Middle-level Mathematics May 2004	10	8	2		23	43%	9%	3

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA)

		Counts	of Students	Percen Student	No Valid Score			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total	Level 2-4	Level 3-4	
Elementary-level English Language Arts	0	0	4	13	17	100%	100%	0
Ele mentary - level Mathematics	2	2	5	8	17	88%	76%	0
Middle-level English Language Arts	0	1	2	7	12	83%	75%	2
Middle-level Mathematics	2	0	0	8	12	67%	66%	2

Level 4	These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.

Note: To protect student confidentiality, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group are tested.



Professional Development 2003-2004 School Year

BOCES provided training for a minimum of Number of Participants:							
one or more full instructional days in the following areas:	Districts	Teachers	Principals	Paraprofessionals	Other		
Site Based Educational Planning	0	0	0	0	0		
District Based Educational Planning	0	0	0	0	0		
High School Graduation Requirements	8	107	11	0	0		
Learning Standards (ELA, MST etc.)	10	174	9	0	0		
Data Management and Analysis	8	99	57	0	0		
Integrating Technology into Curricula & Instruction	9	49	52	0	0		
Interdisciplinary Teaching (including integration of career technology & academics)	0	0	0	0	0		
Middle Level Education Academic and Youth Development	7	14	10	0	0		
Career and Technical Education	0	0	0	0	0		
Instructional Strategies	10	694	29	0	0		
Parent Training	0	0	0	0	0		
Special Education Issues	8	14	0	0	0		
Leadership Training	10	30	237	0	0		
Special Education Training Resource Center (SETRC)	8	153	17	297	0		
Other	0	0	0	0	0		



Technology Services 2003-2004 School Year

BOCES provides technology services to district and BOCES staff and students.	Districts	Professionals Teachers Administrators	Students
Distance Learning	0	0	0
Instructional Computing	0	0	0
Computer/Audio Visual Repair	0	0	
Library Automation/Software	0	0	0
LAN Installation/Support	0	0	0
Distributed Process Technicians	0	0	0
Guidance Information	0	0	0
Administrative Computer Services	0	0	
Administrative Training	0	0	



School Library System Services

School Library System Services, a state-aided program sponsored by each BOCES, provide vital library and information resources to public and

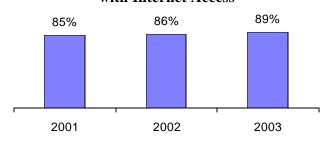
nonpublic schools throughout the State. Each system operates under an approved plan of service and provides leadership and training through professional development activities; facilitates resource-sharing among its member school libraries; promotes advances in technology for information storage and retrieval; focuses on cooperative collection development of school library materials; addresses the information needs of special client groups and participates in regional library issues with public, academic and special libraries. Students, teachers and administrators in each BOCES service area benefit from the activities of the program. The charts below depict selected school library system services.

Number of School Library Media Centers and NOVEL Ready Libraries

72 72 72 14 14 2001 2002 2003 □ Library Media Centers □ NOVEL Ready Libraries

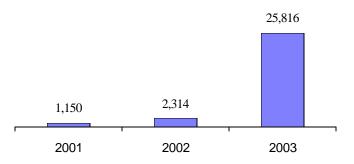
NOVEL (New York Online Virtual Electronic Library) Ready Libraries provide access via the Internet to their own information resources and to information resources outside the library, in addition to providing technology training.

Percent of Participating Libraries with Internet Access



Number of Electronic Database Searches by Participating Libraries

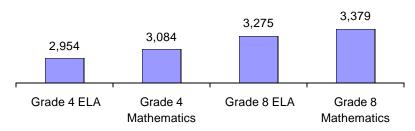




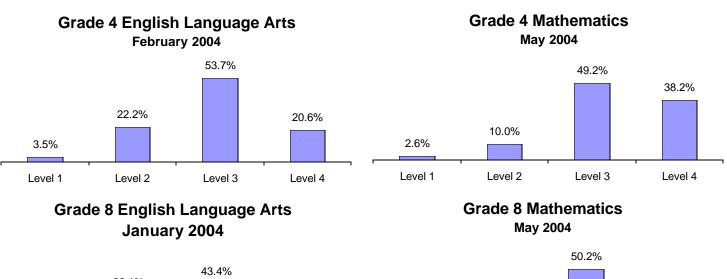
State Testing Program for All Component Districts

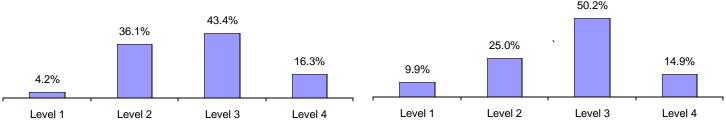
The State testing program provides data to the State Education Department and local school districts for use in planning, managing, and evaluating educational programs. The 4th and 8th grade English language arts (ELA) and mathematics tests measure student performance on the State standards for the elementary and middle grades, while the Regents examinations are key indicators of student progress in the secondary grades. These data are calculated by aggregating district-level results for general education students and pupils with disabilities for all component districts.

Counts of Students Tested (General Education and Students with Disabilities)



Percent of Student Scoring at Each Performance Level





Level 4	These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.
Level 1	These students have seriou s academic deficiencies.

Further descriptions for each level by exam are available on the School Report Cards at the New York State Education Department Web site at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts/.

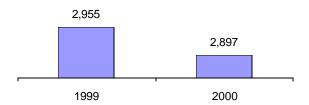
Regents Examinations

In 1996, the Regents acted to raise learning standards by requiring future students to demonstrate competence for graduation using Regents examinations, rather than the lower-level Regents competency tests (RCTs). All general-education students who entered ninth grade in the fall of 1996 were required to score 65 or higher (55 if approved by the local school board) on the Regents examination in comprehensive English to earn a local diploma. General-education students who entered ninth grade in the fall of 1997 are required to score 65 or higher (55 if approved by the local school board) on the Regents examination in comprehensive English and on a Regents examination in mathematics. The number of Regents examinations required for graduation has increased with each succeeding freshman class. Added requirements for the freshman class of 1998 were the Regents examinations in global history and geography and U.S. history & government. The freshman class of 1999 has to also pass a Regents examination in science.

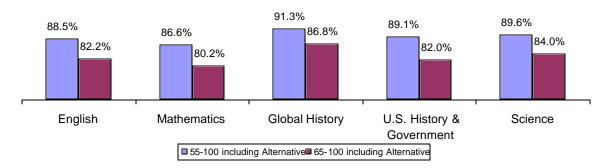
Data were collected to assess the progress that students are making toward meeting new graduation requirements for their cohort. The following charts show the percentage of cohort members in component districts who scored 55-100 and 65-100 on each Regents examination after four years. The data include results for students with disabilities.

Cohort Enrollment

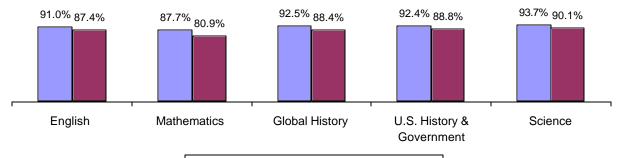
All Students, General Education and Special Education



Performance of the 1999 Cohort as of June 2003



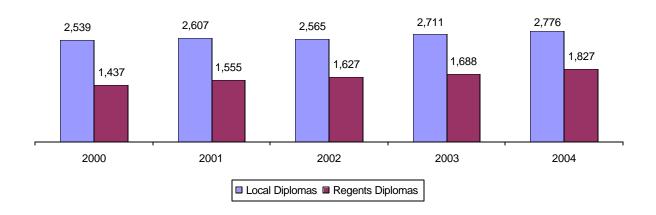
Performance of the 2000 Cohort as of June 2004 after 4 Years



■ 55-100 including Alternative ■ 65-100 including Alternative

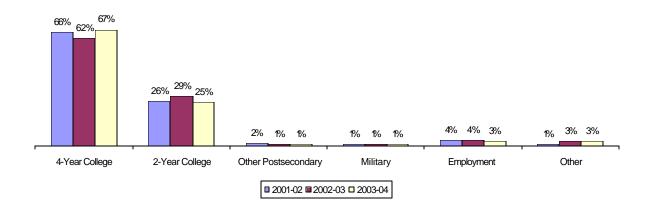
Graduation Results 1999-2000 through 2003-04 School Years

Displayed below are the number of graduates in component districts who received local diplomas with or without Regents endorsement and local diplomas with Regents endorsement during the 1999-2000 through 2003-04 school years. Before the 2001-02 school year, counts include January, June and August graduates. In the 2001-02 school year, counts include January and June graduates. Data for the 2002-03 and 2003-04 school year include August, January and June graduates. In 2003-04, 65.8% of the high school graduates in this BOCES region component districts earned a Regents diploma verses 69.2% of the graduates in component districts statewide.



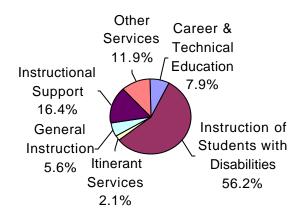
Distribution of Graduates 2001-2002 through 2003-2004 School Years

The chart provides the percentage of graduates in component districts who specified the postsecondary intentions listed during the 2001-2002 through 2003-2004 school years. Other postsecondary includes trade and proprietary schools.

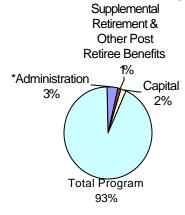


2002-2003 Expenses

Administrative Expenses (Excluding Supplemental & Other Post Retirement		
Benefits)	\$ 2,521,147	
Supplemental & Other Post Retirement Benefits	\$ 575,257	
Capital Expenses.	\$ 1,087,213	
Total Program Expenses	\$ 52,628,986	



Percent of Total Expenses



^{*}Excludes Supplemental & Other Post Retirement Benefits