The University of the State of New York The State Education Department



OVERVIEW OF SCHOOL PERFORMANCE IN

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS, MATHEMATICS, AND SCIENCE

AND

ANALYSIS OF STUDENT SUBGROUP PERFORMANCE

for

Lasalle Middle School

in

Niagara Falls City School District

February 2005

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Regents of The University

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School Report Card Coordinator Information and Reporting Services Team New York State Education Department Room 863 EBA 89 Washington Avenue Albany, NY 12234 E-mail: RPTCARD@mail.nysed.gov The *New York State School Report Card* is an important part of the Board of Regents effort to raise learning standards for all students. It provides information to the public on student performance and other measures of school and district performance. Knowledge gained from the school report card on a school's strengths and weaknesses can be used to improve instruction and services to students.

The New York State School Report Card consists of three parts: the Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science and Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance, the Comprehensive Information Report, and the Accountability Status Report. The Overview and Analysis presents performance data on measures required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act: English, mathematics, science, and graduation rate. Performance data on other State assessments can be found in the Comprehensive Information Report. The Accountability Status Report provides information as to whether a school is making adequate progress toward enabling all students to achieve proficiency in English and mathematics.

State assessments are designed to help ensure that all students reach high learning standards. They show whether students are getting the foundation knowledge they need to succeed at the elementary, middle, and commencement levels and beyond. The State requires that students who are not making appropriate progress toward the standards receive academic intervention services.

In the *Overview*, performance on the elementary- and middle-level assessments in English language arts, mathematics, and science is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students scoring at each of the four levels. These levels indicate performance on the standards from seriously deficient to advanced proficiency. Regents examination scores are reported in four score ranges. Scores of 65 to 100 are passing; scores of 55 to 64 earn credit toward a local diploma (with the approval of the local board of education). Though each elementary- and middle-level assessment is administered to students in a specific grade, secondary-level assessments are taken by students when they complete the coursework for the core curriculum. Therefore, the performance of students at the secondary level is measured for a student cohort rather than a group of students at a particular grade level. Students are grouped in cohorts according to the year in which they first entered grade 9.

The assessment data in the *Overview and Analysis* are for all tested students in the school, including general-education students and students with disabilities. In the *Overview*, each school's performance is compared with that of schools similar in grade level, district resources, and student needs as indicated by income and limited English proficiency (LEP) status. Each district's performance is compared with that of all public schools statewide. In the *Analysis*, performance is disaggregated by race/ethnicity, disability status, gender, LEP status, income level, and migrant status.

Explanations of terms referred to or symbols used in this part of the school report card may be found in the glossary on the last page. Further information on the school report card may be found in the guide, *Understanding Your School Report Card: February 2005*, available on the Information and Reporting Services Web site at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts.

Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science

School Profile

Principal: Richard Carella	Phone: (716)278-5880	
Organization	Grade Range	Student Enrollment
2003–04	6-8	742

2002–03 School District-wide Total Expenditure per Pupil	\$12,796
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2003–04 Core Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers*

Percent Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers
93%

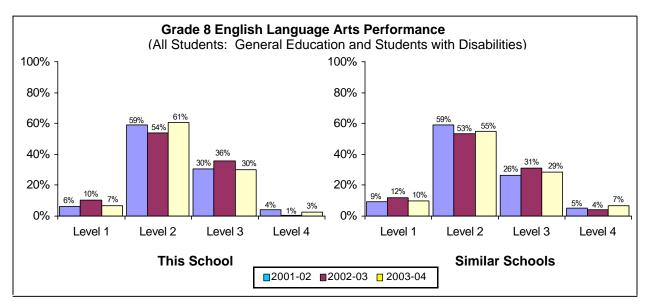
*To meet the federal definition of "highly qualified," public school teachers of core academic subjects must have at least a bachelor's degree and be State certified for and demonstrate subject matter competency in the core academic subject(s) they teach.

2003–04 Teachers with No Valid Teaching Certificate*

Total Number of Teachers	Percent with No Valid Teaching Certificate
56	4%
AL L L L L L	1 110 14

*Includes teachers with a modified temporary license.

English Language Arts



	Counts of Students					
Performance at This School	Level 1 527–659	Level 2 660–698	Level 3 699-737	Level 4 738-830	Total Tested	Mean Score
March 2002	15	138	71	10	234	690
	Level 1 527–657	Level 2 658–696	Level 3 697–736	Level 4 737–830	Total Tested	
January 2003	18	95	63	1	177	689
January 2004	15	132	65	6	218	690

Middle-L	Middle-Level English Language Arts Levels — Listening, Reading, and Writing Standards			
Level 4 These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.				
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.			
Level 2	Level 2 These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.			
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.			

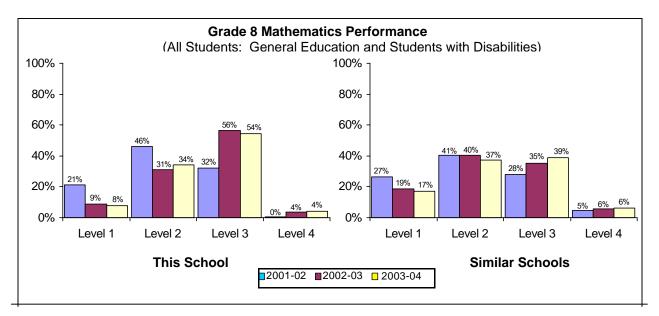
Performance of Limited English Proficient Students Taking the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT) as the Measure of English Language Arts Achievement

Grade 8	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total Tested
2004	0	0	0	0	0

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in English

Grade 8	AA–Level 1	AA–Level 2	AA–Level 3	AA–Level 4	Total Tested
2003–04	0	0	0	0	0

Mathematics



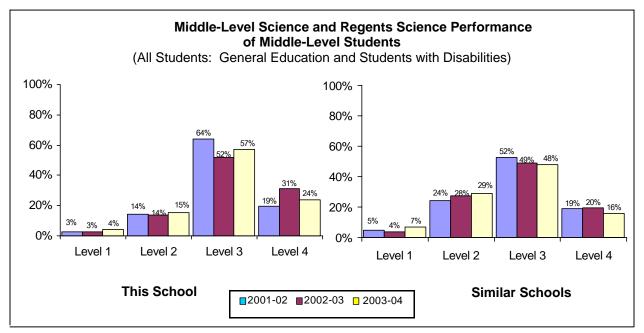
	Counts of Students					
Performance at This School	Level 1 517–680	Level 2 681–715	Level 3 716–759	Level 4 760–882	Total Tested	Mean Score
May 2002	51	111	77	1	240	702
May 2003	16	56	102	7	181	718
May 2004	17	76	121	9	223	717

Middle-L	Middle-Level Mathematics Levels — Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards			
Level 4 These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.				
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.			
Level 2	evel 2 These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.			
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.			

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Mathematics

Middle Level	AA–Level 1	AA–Level 2	AA–Level 3	AA–Level 4	Total Tested
2003–04	0	0	0	0	0

Science



Performance at This School			Mean Score				
		Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Leve		Level 4	Total Tested	wear Score	
June 2002	Middle-Level Science	6	34	152	46	238	74
June 2002	Regents Science		0	0	0	0	0
January/	Middle-Level Science	5	24	90	54	173	76
June 2003	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
January/	Middle-Level Science	9	33	123	51	216	74
June 2004	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0

Middle-L	Middle-Level Science Levels — Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards*							
Level 4	These students exceed the standards on the middle-level science test and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 85–100 on a Regents science examination.							
Level 3	These students meet the standards on the middle-level science test and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 65–84 on a Regents science examination.							
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards for middle-level science and to pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 55–64 on a Regents science examination.							
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies as evidenced in the middle-level science test <u>or</u> score 0–54 on a Regents science examination.							

*Students may demonstrate proficiency in middle-level science by scoring at Level 3 or above on the middle-level science test or by scoring 65 or above on a Regents examination in science.

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Science

Middle-Level	Niddle-Level AA–Level 1 A		AA–Level 3	AA–Level 4	Total Tested	
2003–04	0	0	0	0	0	

Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance

Historically, on State assessments the average performance of Black, Hispanic, and Native American students has been lower than that of White and Asian students. Similarly, students from low-income families have not performed as well as those from higher income families. A high priority of the Board of Regents is to eliminate these gaps in student performance. In addition, Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act includes explicit requirements "to ensure that students served by Title I are given the same opportunity to achieve to high standards and are held to the same high expectations as all students in each State."

This section of the school report card provides performance data for two years by racial/ethnic group, disability status, gender, English proficiency status, income level, and migrant status. The purpose of the student subgroup analyses is to determine if students who perform below the standards in any school tend to fall into particular groups, such as minority students, limited English proficient students, or economically disadvantaged students. If these analyses provide evidence that students in one of the groups achieve at a lower level than other students, the school and community should examine the reasons for this lower performance and make necessary changes in curriculum, instruction, and student support services to remedy these performance gaps. If your school did not report data for the 2003–04 school year for a subject and grade, a table showing data for subgroups in that subject and grade will not be included in the *Analysis*.

English Language Arts

		0	2–03	J	2003–04				
Student Subgroup	Total		ntages of T s Scoring a		Total	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels			
	Tested	2–4	3–4	4	Tested	2–4	3–4	4	
Results by Race/Ethnicity									
American Indian/Alaskan Native	6	s	S	S	3	s	S	s	
Black	52	83%	27%	0%	74	88%	20%	3%	
Hispanic	4	s	s	s	11	100%	18%	9%	
Asian or Pacific Islander	0	0%	0%	0%	3	S	S	S	
White	115	92%	42%	1%	127	95%	42%	2%	
Total	177	90%	36%	1%	218	93%	33%	3%	
Small Group Totals (s)	10	100%	20%	0%	6	100%	17%	0%	
Results by Disability Status									
General-education students	142	97%	44%	1%	173	100%	40%	3%	
Students with disabilities	35	60%	6%	0%	45	67%	4%	0%	
Total	177	90%	36%	1%	218	93%	33%	3%	
Results by Gender									
Female	90	96%	41%	1%	104	96%	42%	4%	
Male	87	84%	31%	0%	114	90%	24%	2%	
Total	177	90%	36%	1%	218	93%	33%	3%	
Results by English Proficiency	Status								
English proficient	177	90%	36%	1%	214	S	S	S	
Limited English proficient	0	0%	0%	0%	4	S	S	S	
Total	177	90%	36%	1%	218	93%	33%	3%	
Results by Income Level									
Economically disadvantaged	89	83%	25%	0%	129	89%	26%	2%	
Not disadvantaged	88	97%	48%	1%	89	99%	42%	3%	
Total	177	90%	36%	1%	218	93%	33%	3%	
Results by Migrant Status									
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%	
Not migrant family	177	90%	36%	1%	218	93%	33%	3%	
Total	177	90%	36%	1%	218	93%	33%	3%	

Mathematics

			2–03			2003–04				
Student Subgroup	Total		ntages of 1 s Scoring a		Total	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels				
	Tested	2–4	3–4	4	Tested	2–4	3–4	4		
Results by Race/Ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaskan Native	6	83%	50%	0%	4	s	S	S		
Black	49	84%	47%	0%	78	86%	36%	3%		
Hispanic	6	100%	33%	0%	11	100%	55%	0%		
Asian or Pacific Islander	6	100%	17%	0%	3	s	s	s		
White	114	94%	70%	6%	127	95%	72%	5%		
Total	181	91%	60%	4%	223	92%	58%	4%		
Small Group Totals (s)	0	0%	0%	0%	7	100%	57%	14%		
Results by Disability Status										
General-education students	147	96%	63%	5%	177	99%	70%	5%		
Students with disabilities	34	71%	50%	0%	46	67%	13%	0%		
Total	181	91%	60%	4%	223	92%	58%	4%		
Results by Gender				•				•		
Female	92	95%	55%	3%	107	96%	59%	5%		
Male	89	88%	65%	4%	116	89%	58%	3%		
Total	181	91%	60%	4%	223	92%	58%	4%		
Results by English Proficiency	Status			•				•		
English proficient	173	91%	62%	4%	219	S	S	S		
Limited English proficient	8	100%	13%	0%	4	S	S	S		
Total	181	91%	60%	4%	223	92%	58%	4%		
Results by Income Level										
Economically disadvantaged	94	87%	48%	1%	134	88%	49%	4%		
Not disadvantaged	87	95%	74%	7%	89	99%	73%	4%		
Total	181	91%	60%	4%	223	92%	58%	4%		
Results by Migrant Status										
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%		
Not migrant family	181	91%	60%	4%	223	92%	58%	4%		
Total	181	91%	60%	4%	223	92%	58%	4%		

Science

		====	2–03		2003–04			
Student Subgroup	Total Tested	Perce Student	ntages of T s Scoring a	rested at Levels	Total Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
	rested	2–4	3–4	4	Tested	2–4	3–4	4
Results by Race/Ethnicity								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	6	S	S	S	4	S	S	S
Black	50	92%	68%	14%	73	90%	62%	10%
Hispanic	4	s	s	s	11	100%	64%	18%
Asian or Pacific Islander	0	0%	0%	0%	3	S	S	S
White	113	99%	89%	41%	125	98%	93%	31%
Total	173	97%	83%	31%	216	96%	81%	24%
Small Group Totals (s)	10	100%	90%	10%	7	100%	86%	43%
Results by Disability Status								
General-education students	139	99%	87%	33%	173	100%	90%	28%
Students with disabilities	34	91%	68%	24%	43	79%	42%	7%
Total	173	97%	83%	31%	216	96%	81%	24%
Results by Gender						•	•	
Female	87	97%	84%	26%	104	98%	82%	25%
Male	86	98%	83%	36%	112	94%	79%	22%
Total	173	97%	83%	31%	216	96%	81%	24%
Results by English Proficiency State	JS				1			
English proficient	173	97%	83%	31%	212	S	S	S
Limited English proficient	0	0%	0%	0%	4	S	S	s
Total	173	97%	83%	31%	216	96%	81%	24%
Results by Income Level					1			
Economically disadvantaged	85	94%	78%	20%	127	93%	74%	19%
Not disadvantaged	88	100%	89%	42%	89	100%	90%	30%
Total	173	97%	83%	31%	216	96%	81%	24%
Results by Migrant Status					ı			
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	173	97%	83%	31%	216	96%	81%	24%
Total	173	97%	83%	31%	216	96%	81%	24%

Glossary

Accountability Cohort: An accountability cohort is all students, regardless of grade status, who were enrolled in school on BEDS day two years after the year in which they first entered grade 9, or, in the case of ungraded students with disabilities, the year in which they reached their seventeenth birthday. (For example, the 1999 accountability cohort consists of all students who first entered grade 9 in the fall of 1999 who were enrolled on October 3, 2001). Certain students are not included in the school accountability cohort. Cohort is defined in Section 100.2 (p) (8) of the Commissioner's Regulations.

Component Retests: Component retests were offered in Regents English and Mathematics A to certain students who were at risk of not meeting the State learning standards. Component retesting is the process by which a student who has failed a Regents examination in English or Mathematics A twice is retested only on the areas of the learning standards in which the student has been proven deficient. Component retesting eliminates the need for the student to retake the full Regents examination multiple times. Students who earn credit through component retesting are counted as if they scored in the 55–64 range or in the 65–84 range on the Regents examination, as determined by the component retest results.

Counts of Students Tested: "Counts of Students Tested" includes only students who completed sufficient test questions to receive a score.

Graduation-Rate Cohort: Graduation-rate cohort for each year includes all students in the accountability cohort in the previous year plus all students excluded from that accountability cohort solely because they transferred to a general education development (GED) program.

Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students: Schools provide special English instruction to students for whom English is a second language so they can participate effectively in the academic program. In 2002–03 and in previous years, students were considered LEP if, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, they spoke a language other than English and (1) either understood and spoke little or no English or (2) scored at or below the 40th percentile on an English language assessment instrument. Beginning in 2003–04, students are considered LEP if, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, they speak a language other than English and (1) either understand and speak little or no English or (2) score below a state-designated level of proficiency on the Language Assessment Battery-Revised (LAB-R) or the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT). The United States Department of Education has approved the use of the NYSESLAT as the required measure of language arts proficiency for LEP students in grades 4 and 8 who have attended school in the United States (not including Puerto Rico) for fewer than three consecutive years and for LEP students who have attended for four or five years and have received an exemption from the general assessment requirement.

New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA): The district Committee on Special Education designates students with severe disabilities who meet criteria established in Commissioner's Regulations to take the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA).

Student Confidentiality/Suppressed Data (# and s): To ensure student confidentiality, the Department does <u>not</u> publish data for groups with fewer than five students or data that would allow readers to easily determine the performance of a group with fewer than five students. In the *Overview*, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group were tested. In the *Analysis*, when fewer than five students in a group (e.g., Hispanic) were tested, percentages of tested students scoring at various levels are suppressed for that group and the next smallest group. Suppressed data are indicated with an **(s)**. However, the performance of tested students in these groups is aggregated and shown in the Small Group Total row.

Validity and Reliability of Small Group Data: It is important that programmatic decisions are based on valid and reliable data. Data for fewer than 30 students in a group may be neither valid nor reliable. If a school does not have 30 students in a grade or a subgroup in a given year, the school should evaluate results for students in this group over a period of years to make programmatic decisions.