The University of the State of New York The State Education Department



OVERVIEW OF SCHOOL PERFORMANCE IN

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS, MATHEMATICS, AND SCIENCE

AND

ANALYSIS OF STUDENT SUBGROUP PERFORMANCE

for

Scotia-Glenville Middle School

in

Scotia-Glenville Central School District

April 2006

53-02-02-06-0007

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THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Regents of The University

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School Report Card Coordinator Information and Reporting Services Team New York State Education Department Room 863 EBA 89 Washington Avenue Albany, NY 12234 E-mail: RPTCARD@mail.nysed.gov The *New York State School Report Card* is an important part of the Board of Regents effort to raise learning standards for all students. It provides information to the public on student performance and other measures of school and district performance. Knowledge gained from the school report card on a school's strengths and weaknesses can be used to improve instruction and services to students.

The New York State School Report Card consists of three parts: the Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science and Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance, the Comprehensive Information Report, and the Accountability Status Report. The Overview and Analysis presents performance data on measures required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act: English, mathematics, science, and graduation rate. Performance data on other State assessments can be found in the Comprehensive Information Report. The Accountability Status Report provides information as to whether a school is making adequate progress toward enabling all students to achieve proficiency in English and mathematics.

State assessments are designed to help ensure that all students reach high learning standards. They show whether students are getting the foundation knowledge they need to succeed at the elementary, middle, and commencement levels and beyond. The State requires that students who are not making appropriate progress toward the standards receive academic intervention services.

In the *Overview*, performance on the elementary- and middle-level assessments in English language arts, mathematics, and science is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students scoring at each of the four levels. These levels indicate performance on the standards from seriously deficient to advanced proficiency. Regents examination scores are reported in four score ranges. Scores of 65 to 100 are passing; scores of 55 to 64 earn credit toward a local diploma (with the approval of the local board of education). Though each elementary- and middle-level assessment is administered to students in a specific grade, secondary-level assessments are taken by students when they complete the coursework for the core curriculum. Therefore, the performance of students at the secondary level is measured for a student cohort rather than a group of students at a particular grade level. Students are grouped in cohorts according to the year in which they first entered grade 9.

The assessment data in the *Overview and Analysis* are for all tested students in the school, including general-education students and students with disabilities. In the *Overview*, each school's performance is compared with that of schools similar in grade level, district resources, and student needs as indicated by income and limited English proficiency (LEP) status. Each district's performance is compared with that of all public schools statewide. In the *Analysis*, performance is disaggregated by race/ethnicity, disability status, gender, LEP status, income level, and migrant status.

Explanations of terms referred to or symbols used in this part of the school report card may be found in the glossary on the last page. Further information on the school report card may be found in the guide, *Understanding Your School Report Card: April 2006*, available on the Information and Reporting Services Web site at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts.

Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science

School Profile

Principal: Sharyll Keller		Phone: (518)382-1263
Organization	Grade Range	Student Enrollment
2004–05	6-8	715

2003–04 School District-wide Total Expenditure per Pupil	\$11,867
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2004–05 Core Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers*

Total Number of Core Classes	Percent Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers
156	100%

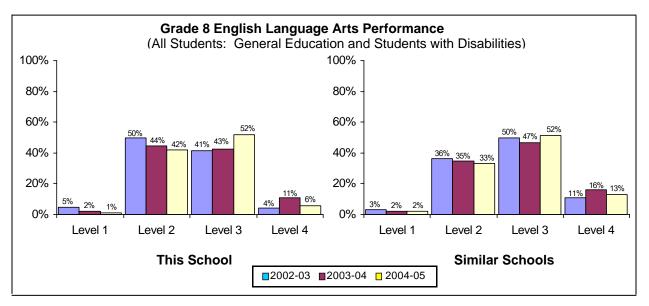
*To meet the federal definition of "highly qualified," public school teachers of core academic subjects must have at least a bachelor's degree and be State certified for and demonstrate subject matter competency in the core academic subject(s) they teach.

2004–05 Teachers with No Valid Teaching Certificate*

Total Number of Teachers	Percent with No Valid Teaching Certificate
45	0%
41 1 1 1 1	

*Includes teachers with a modified temporary license.

English Language Arts



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

Derfermence et	Counts of Students					
Performance at This School	Level 1 527–657	Level 2 658–696	Level 3 697–736	Level 4 737–830	Total Tested	Mean Score
January 2003	12	125	104	11	252	696
January 2004	6	122	117	30	275	704
January 2005	2	106	130	14	252	703

Middle-L	Middle-Level English Language Arts Levels — Listening, Reading, and Writing Standards		
Level 4 These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.			
Level 3	_evel 3 These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.		
Level 2	Level 2 These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.		
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.		

Performance of Limited English Proficient Students Taking the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT) as the Measure of English Language Arts Achievement

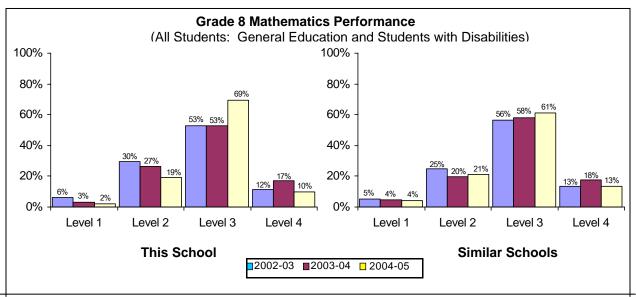
Grade 8	Level 1	Level 1 Level 2		Total Tested	
2005	0	0	0	0	

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in English

Middle Level	AA–Level 1	AA–Level 2	AA–Level 3	AA–Level 4	Total Tested
2004–05	0	0	0	0	0

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Mathematics



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

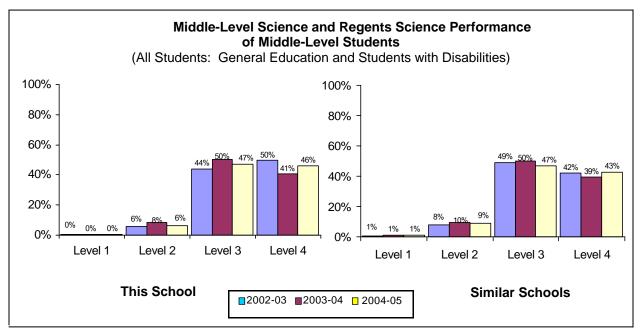
Derfermence et	Counts of Students					
Performance at This School	Level 1 517–680	Level 2 681–715	Level 3 716–759	Level 4 760–882	Total Tested	Mean Score
May 2003	15	74	131	29	249	724
May 2004	9	74	148	48	279	732
May 2005	5	48	173	24	250	733

Middle-L	Middle-Level Mathematics Levels — Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards		
Level 4 These students exceed the standards and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.			
Level 3	Evel 3 These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.		
Level 2	Level 2 These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.		
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies.		

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Mathematics

Middle Level	AA–Level 1	AA–Level 2	AA–Level 3	AA–Level 4	Total Tested
2004–05	0	0	0	0	0

Science



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

Performance at This School			Mean Score				
Fenom	ance at This School	Level 1	evel 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Total Tested		Mean Scole		
January/	Middle-Level Science	1	14	104	117	236	82
June 2003	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
January/	Middle-Level Science	1	23	138	112	274	79
June 2004	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
January/	Middle-Level Science	1	16	117	115	249	81
June 2005	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0

Middle-L	Middle-Level Science Levels — Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards*								
Level 4	Level 4 These students exceed the standards on the middle-level science test and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 85–100 on a Regents science examination.								
Level 3	These students meet the standards on the middle-level science test and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 65–84 on a Regents science examination.								
Level 2	These students need extra help to meet the standards for middle-level science and to pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 55–64 on a Regents science examination.								
Level 1	These students have serious academic deficiencies as evidenced in the middle-level science test <u>or</u> score 0–54 on a Regents science examination.								

*Students may demonstrate proficiency in middle-level science by scoring at Level 3 or above on the middle-level science test or by scoring 65 or above on a Regents examination in science.

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Science

Middle Level	AA–Level 1	AA–Level 2	AA–Level 3	AA–Level 4	Total Tested
2004–05	0	0	0	0	0

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Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance

Historically, on State assessments the average performance of Black, Hispanic, and Native American students has been lower than that of White and Asian students. Similarly, students from low-income families have not performed as well as those from higher income families. A high priority of the Board of Regents is to eliminate these gaps in student performance. In addition, Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act includes explicit requirements "to ensure that students served by Title I are given the same opportunity to achieve to high standards and are held to the same high expectations as all students in each State."

This section of the school report card provides performance data for two years by racial/ethnic group, disability status, gender, English proficiency status, income level, and migrant status. The purpose of the student subgroup analyses is to determine if students who perform below the standards in any school tend to fall into particular groups, such as minority students, limited English proficient students, or economically disadvantaged students. If these analyses provide evidence that students in one of the groups achieve at a lower level than other students, the school and community should examine the reasons for this lower performance and make necessary changes in curriculum, instruction, and student support services to remedy these performance gaps. If your school did not report data for the 2004–05 school year for a subject and grade, a table showing data for subgroups in that subject and grade will not be included in the *Analysis*.

English Language Arts

		<u> </u>	3–04	J		2004	4–05	
Student Subgroup	Total Tested		Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels			Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
	Tested	2–4	3–4	4	Tested	2–4	3–4	4
Results by Race/Ethnicity								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%	1	S	S	s
Black	2	S	S	S	2	S	S	s
Hispanic	3	S	S	s	5	100%	80%	0%
Asian or Pacific Islander	2	S	S	S	2	S	S	S
White	268	98%	54%	11%	242	99%	57%	6%
Total	275	98%	53%	11%	252	99%	57%	6%
Small Group Totals (s)	7	100%	43%	14%	5	100%	60%	0%
Results by Disability Status								
General-education students	242	99%	60%	12%	228	100%	61%	6%
Students with disabilities	33	88%	9%	0%	24	92%	25%	0%
Total	275	98%	53%	11%	252	99%	57%	6%
Results by Gender								
Female	132	100%	61%	17%	123	100%	66%	8%
Male	143	96%	46%	5%	129	98%	49%	3%
Total	275	98%	53%	11%	252	99%	57%	6%
Results by English Proficiency	Status		•					
English proficient	274	S	S	S	252	99%	57%	6%
Limited English proficient	1	S	S	S	0	0%	0%	0%
Total	275	98%	53%	11%	252	99%	57%	6%
Results by Income Level								
Economically disadvantaged	38	95%	32%	5%	26	96%	27%	0%
Not disadvantaged	237	98%	57%	12%	226	100%	61%	6%
Total	275	98%	53%	11%	252	99%	57%	6%
Results by Migrant Status								
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	275	98%	53%	11%	252	99%	57%	6%
Total	275	98%	53%	11%	252	99%	57%	6%

Mathematics

			3–04			200	4–05	
Student Subgroup	Total		ntages of 1 s Scoring a		Total	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
	Tested	2–4	3–4	4	Tested	2–4	3–4	4
Results by Race/Ethnicity								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%	1	s	S	S
Black	2	S	S	S	2	s	S	S
Hispanic	3	s	S	S	5	100%	60%	0%
Asian or Pacific Islander	2	s	S	S	2	s	s	S
White	272	97%	71%	17%	240	98%	79%	10%
Total	279	97%	70%	17%	250	98%	79%	10%
Small Group Totals (s)	7	86%	57%	14%	5	100%	100%	20%
Results by Disability Status								
General-education students	244	98%	77%	20%	225	99%	83%	11%
Students with disabilities	35	86%	20%	0%	25	88%	44%	0%
Total	279	97%	70%	17%	250	98%	79%	10%
Results by Gender								
Female	136	96%	72%	20%	122	99%	82%	10%
Male	143	97%	69%	15%	128	97%	76%	9%
Total	279	97%	70%	17%	250	98%	79%	10%
Results by English Proficiency	Status		•		•			
English proficient	277	S	S	S	250	98%	79%	10%
Limited English proficient	2	S	S	S	0	0%	0%	0%
Total	279	97%	70%	17%	250	98%	79%	10%
Results by Income Level								
Economically disadvantaged	40	90%	60%	5%	25	96%	68%	4%
Not disadvantaged	239	98%	72%	19%	225	98%	80%	10%
Total	279	97%	70%	17%	250	98%	79%	10%
Results by Migrant Status								
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	279	97%	70%	17%	250	98%	79%	10%
Total	279	97%	70%	17%	250	98%	79%	10%

Science

		2003	3–04			200	4–05	
Student Subgroup	Total Testad	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels			Total	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
	Tested	2–4	3–4	4	Tested	2–4	3–4	4
Results by Race/Ethnicity								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%	1	S	S	S
Black	2	s	S	S	2	S	S	s
Hispanic	3	S	S	S	5	100%	100%	0%
Asian or Pacific Islander	2	S	S	S	2	S	S	S
White	267	100%	91%	41%	239	100%	93%	47%
Total	274	100%	91%	41%	249	100%	93%	46%
Small Group Totals (s)	7	100%	86%	29%	5	100%	100%	60%
Results by Disability Status			•	•	•	•		
General-education students	240	100%	93%	45%	225	100%	96%	50%
Students with disabilities	34	97%	79%	9%	24	100%	67%	8%
Total	274	100%	91%	41%	249	100%	93%	46%
Results by Gender								
Female	133	100%	92%	41%	122	100%	93%	42%
Male	141	99%	90%	41%	127	99%	94%	50%
Total	274	100%	91%	41%	249	100%	93%	46%
Results by English Proficiency Statu	JS							
English proficient	272	S	S	S	249	100%	93%	46%
Limited English proficient	2	S	S	S	0	0%	0%	0%
Total	274	100%	91%	41%	249	100%	93%	46%
Results by Income Level								
Economically disadvantaged	38	97%	79%	26%	24	100%	83%	21%
Not disadvantaged	236	100%	93%	43%	225	100%	94%	49%
Total	274	100%	91%	41%	249	100%	93%	46%
Results by Migrant Status								
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	274	100%	91%	41%	249	100%	93%	46%
Total	274	100%	91%	41%	249	100%	93%	46%

Glossary

Accountability Cohort: An accountability cohort is all students, regardless of grade status, who were enrolled in school on BEDS day two years after the year in which they first entered grade 9, or, in the case of ungraded students with disabilities, the year in which they reached their seventeenth birthday. (For example, the 2001 accountability cohort consists of all students who first entered grade 9 in the fall of 2001 who were enrolled on October 8, 2003). Certain students are not included in the school accountability cohort. Cohort is defined in Section 100.2 (p) (16) of the Commissioner's Regulations.

Component Retests: Component retests were offered in Regents English and Mathematics A to certain students who were at risk of not meeting the State learning standards. Component retesting is the process by which a student who has failed a Regents examination in English or Mathematics A twice is retested only on the areas of the learning standards in which the student has been proven deficient. Component retesting eliminates the need for the student to retake the full Regents examination multiple times. Students who earn credit through component retesting are counted as if they scored in the 55–64 range or in the 65–84 range on the Regents examination, as determined by the component retest results.

Counts of Students Tested: "Counts of Students Tested" includes only students who completed sufficient test questions to receive a score.

Graduation-Rate Cohort: Graduation-rate cohort for each year includes all students in the accountability cohort in the previous year plus all students excluded from that accountability cohort solely because they transferred to a general education development (GED) program.

Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students: Schools provide special English instruction to students for whom English is a second language so they can participate effectively in the academic program. Beginning in 2003–04, students are considered LEP if, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, they speak a language other than English and (1) either understand and speak little or no English or (2) score below a state-designated level of proficiency on the Language Assessment Battery-Revised (LAB-R) or the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT). The United States Department of Education has approved the use of the NYSESLAT as the required measure of language arts proficiency for LEP students in grades 4 and 8 who have attended school in the United States (not including Puerto Rico) for fewer than three consecutive years and for LEP students who have attended for four or five years and have received an exemption from the general assessment requirement.

New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA): The district Committee on Special Education designates students with severe cognitive disabilities who meet criteria established in Commissioner's Regulations to take the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA).

Student Confidentiality/Suppressed Data (# and s): To ensure student confidentiality, the Department does <u>not</u> publish data for groups with fewer than five students or data that would allow readers to easily determine the performance of a group with fewer than five students. In the *Overview*, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group were tested. In the *Analysis*, when fewer than five students in a group (e.g., Hispanic) were tested, percentages of tested students scoring at various levels are suppressed for that group and the next smallest group. Suppressed data are indicated with an **(s)**. However, the performance of tested students in these groups is aggregated and shown in the Small Group Total row.

Validity and Reliability of Small Group Data: It is important that programmatic decisions are based on valid and reliable data. Data for fewer than 30 students in a group may be neither valid nor reliable. If a school does not have 30 students in a grade or a subgroup in a given year, the school should evaluate results for students in this group over a period of years to make programmatic decisions.